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(2)	ALBORY NEW	C. RYAN	14MAR7+	N/R	VENUS . ADVISED BY TELEPHONE
	10MAR74			/	
(3)		T. L. SASSER III	15mar74	MARTH	SATELLITES
	285AN74			~	
(A)	GLEMHUNTLY VK	GEMINDER	21MAR74	30MAY 74	SPACE DESRIS OR METEORITE
	2+FEB 74 HAGE			/	RE-ENTRY.
(3)	ESSENDEN, UK	C.W. TRIPP	25mar74	3Jun 74	SPACE DEBRIS RE METEORITE
	27JAN7+			V	ENTRY AND BURN - UP.
(6)		EMPLOYEE	25MAR7+	NR	VENUS. REPORT FOR INFO
	25MAR74			V	ONLY
9		L STREMBICKYJ	29MAR74	135un7+	VENUS AFFECTED BY
	10MAR74			V	ATMOSPHERIC SCIATILLATION
8	BEDFORD PARK WA	RE DEAR	APR 74	20MAY 74	SAA BOEING 707
_	21MAR74.			V	
9	PAYNES FIND	MRS CE COX	APR74	135UN79	VENUS
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(10)	MEEKATHARRAWA	RTHOUNCHEAD	APR74	20MAY 74	SATKLLITE
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0	SUBJACH WA	P. L. NEWTON	APRTH	30MAY 74	HALLUCINATORY OR HOAX.
10,000	FEB7+		4	V	
12	CARRAN ACT	M. A. Bessey	DSAPR7+	N/R	NASA DC-6 OBSERVER CIVEN
	17A1R7+				EXPLANATION OVER TELEPHONE
13	INGHAM DLD	D. Maricuso	APR 7+		
	27 MAR7+				
(1-)	IFFLEY STA OLD	L. E BARRY	APR7+		Altohas.
	24FEB7+				
13/	BICTON WA	M.E. LOMBALHAU	APR74	31MAY 74	TOO LATE TO EVALUATE .
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16-	VARIOUS WA	VARIOUS	14927+	NR	Names Notified For INFO DALLY
19	13-17 APR 74		7 77 42		JUXTAPOSITION OF VENUS JULITER
20	RED HILL ACT	VARIOUS	MAY74	NR	PIPER CHEROKEE, VISITED SCHOOL
	18 APR 74		-		TO EXPLAIN SIGHT NO.
213	MERRYLANDS PACK	D. WOLFENDEN	MAY 74	135ul 74	SATELLITES AND SPACE DEBRIS
1	28DEC73			NR	RE-ENTRY
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(AIR FORCE OFFICE) MINUTE PAPER



Subject:

RECLASSIFICATION OF FILES

DEFAIR 580/1/1 ReferenceAF554/1/30 (34)

Reference: A. DI(AF)AAP 810 para 326.

In accordance with Reference A, all folios, in all parts of Department of Air File series 580/1/1 are reclassified 'UNCLASSIFIED' with effect 7 May 82.

.A. PERSKE)

BAFIS

7 May 82

AR 1 Revised

OLD AM 580 1111 P35

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE

FILE GLOSED

Subsequent correspondence has been placed on File No:

28 DEC73 D 2030
SIGHTING # 21 MERRYLANDS D. WOLFENDEN NSW

580/1/1 Pt 35 (21a)

Mr D. Wolfenden, 58 Desmond Street, MERRYLANDS, N.S.W. 2160.

13 JUN 1974

Dear Sir.

Your report of unusual aerial sightings on 28th December, 1973 has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable causes were satellites in the first three instances and the fourth sighting, space debris re-entry.

At the time of your sighting 3037 man made objects were still in space. Predictions are made for visible satellite passes over major Australian cities for long-lived satellites of optimum visible magnitude. During the period of your sightings a satellite designated 0A0-3 Rocket was visible at 10.54 p.m. on an azimuth of 353° at an elevation of 83° heading 77°. This satellite is considered to be a possible cause of one of your sightings. Two of the other objects sighted could have been short-lived satellites or rocket stages recently launched and the final object was probably a decaying satellite burning-up on re-entry to the Earth's atmosphere.

Although there must be a possibility of other life forms existing elsewhere there is no evidence to prove that extra-terrestrial life forms have visited Earth. United States and Soviet space explorations have found no evidence to support the theory of life in our solar system. The only other source of extra-terrestrial life would, therefore, have to be in another solar system. Alpha Centauri is the closest visible star to Earth and is about 25 million million miles away. Even if life forms existed there and were capable of space travel at speeds currently known to man i.e. about 25,000 m.p.h. they would take about 115,000 years to reach Earth. Consequently, the probability of extra-terrestrial life forms visiting Earth is extremely remote.

We trust that these explanations and additional information are satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Jahlah Deligmin

10 58 DESMOND ST. DAFI. 10-5-74. MERRYLANDS, NS.W. 2160 DEFENOR DEFENO PHONE 6327821. Secretary, Dear Sir, Plans low of maken NAME Please find enclosed report of sighting of unexplained objects. I have enobarouned to report these sightings since Dec. 73. and read of Wr. Herbisen Evans of School of Rhysics Sydney University NSW in Capt, Bruce Cathies Book HARMONIE 695, Page 130. He imformed me the report on the book was a hour by game me the enclosed uso report to fell in, but on oringing the number on report, found the number had been changed. Have had no reply to letter sent to the address. We thought the object in first their sightings was a satellite, but have been infermed a satellite take longer than 20 minutes to civille the Earth. We would appreciate an acknowledgement appossible. Since becoming interested in this subject,

UFO sighting. 10/5/2 Non Inder -

130 I have read the following books on the subject, and would like to know of there is any factual exindence of U.FOS and, or, their occupants, in australia at present. Books are so under. Harmonie 33 4 695 by CAPT. B. CATHIE N.Z. The U.F.O. Eponine by Brof. Je allow Hyrek U.S.A. Operation Trojan Horse by John A Keel U.S.A. Psychic Descoveres behind the Iron Canton by Shiela Ostranders Lyna Schroeder: USA. The latter mer timed book shuld, could? he wead by all our anneal forces, + educational authorities, and thonoughly investigated by our government, if it is factual, and I cannot see how it couldn't be. Yours faithfully Drollendan.

RECEIVED

13 May 74 14 19
DE DEFENCE
CENTRAL REGISTRY

RESEARCH PROJECTS AUSTRALASIA

89 Fowler Street, Camperdown, NSW, 2050. Tel. 5192965.



FILE No.

Description of landing and type of department	CASE No.
Late approxime attende UFO REP	ORT .tent)—(a)sevened no stratte languages.
1. NAME (in print) D WOLFENDEN	3. DATE OF SIGHTING 28-12.73
ADDRESS (in print) 58 DESMOND ST.	4. LOCALITY (in print) MERRYLANDS NOW.
MERRYLANDS NEW	
2160 TELEPHONE 6327821	TIME 10 -00 TIL 11-00 MICH
AGE 55 PROFESSION/OCCUPATION EMPLOYED	STATE
Special Training (pilot, surveyor, am. astronomer, scout, etc.)	5. DURATION OF OBSERVATION.
INFANTRY OFFICER	hours minutes seconds
Smidel on beeth republishers that new 2000	6. SITUATION AT THE TIME:
2. OBSERVING ALONE OR WITH WITNESSES?	A. Light Condition (bright daylight, dawn, dusk, night, stars visible?)
NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF WITNESSES (in print)	CLEAR NIGHT. STARS BRIGHT.
HIF. CARN SO DESMOND ST	B. Position of the Sun or Moon—(in relation to the object(s) and you, Moon's phase), ABOVE
MERRYLANDS 2160	C. Weather—(clear sky, cloudy, fog, rain, thun-
D. HALE 86 LANHAMS RD	CHERR SKY.
MUHALE CHILD GYERRS	D. Scene—(what were you doing and what attracted your attention?) RELAXING IH
H.ROSS. GO DESMOND ST. MERKYLANDS. K.SKYER, VISITOR TO ABOVE	E. Observed — (with naked eye, spectacles, through window glass, windscreen, binoculars, telescope, etc.) NAICED EYES,
7. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE OBJECT (S):	F. Prominent features—(cupola, portholes, antennae, undercarriage, wings, markings and their colour, lights any revolving parts, etc.).
B. Shape — (disc. cigar-shaped, rocket-like, sphere, triangular, etc., and if changing, describe from/to.)	No.
4th STARTSHAPED	G. Outside effects—(sparks, smoke, vapour trail, tangible substance ejected, etc.)
C. If light source—(describe size and luminosity, star or planet-like, ball of light, as bright as Moon, Sun flare, steady, pulsating, etc.) 1) 2/3. Dumble: SHAPE	H. Sound—(silent, whine, swish, roar, explosions, etc.)
D. Colour — (describe colour and if changing from/to, shiny, dull finish, etc.) NOT CHANGENE, 4 SEEMED TO	length; pin-head, pea, ten cents, golf ball, tennis ball, soccer ball, etc.)
DISINTERGRATE WTO SMACE PIECES.	11 OUMBBELL 4 STAR
E. Outline and apparent consistency—(well det fined, blurred, solid, metallic, gelatinous, transparent, gaseous, etc.)	below or through clouds — cirrus, stratus, cumulus, nimbus, slower or faster than helicopter, jet, satellite, meteorite)
WELL DEFINED	123, FASTER THAN TET-SATELLITE 4. SATELLITE
8. DETAILS OF MOTION: A. Trajectory—(direction of object's travel)	123

(2

A. Trajectory—(direction of object's travel—

N.E.S.W., straight line, curve, horizontal, steady flight, ascending, descending, approximate angle)

123. ASERNO CO PROM S.S.W. + CROSSED

TO ESB. 4. PROM W-TO, II, STOPPED, RENERSED

B. Unusual movements—(changing direction erratically, right angle turns, accelerating, decelerating, sudden stop, hover, zig-zagging, etc.)

4. STOPPED + REVERSED

C. Object's disappearance from view E gradually lost in distance darted away, shot off vertically or under angle, instantly disappeared)

4. SATELLITE SPEED STOPPED IN REVERSED

Did object(s) behave as being intelligently controlled?—(if yes, explain why do you think so)

12.3. MAINTHINED SPEED + COUNSE. 12,3, MAINTAINED SPEED & COURSE.

9. SIDE-EFFECTS:	
A. Electro-magnetic interferences — (ignition, lights, radio, TV, telephone, radar, etc.)	E. Their outfit and clothing—(helmet, breating apparatus, suit and footwear, carrying any implements, etc.)
B. Any effects on animals?—(describe any unusual behaviour or consequences) NO ANIMALS. PRESENT	F. What were they doing?—(describe their behaviour, collecting samples, were they aware of your presence)
PRESENT	
C. Physiological effects on observer(s)—(heat,	G. Duration of landing and type of departure— (fire beneath, smoke, roar, etc.)
cold, tingling, fatigue, nausea, paralysis, diz- ziness, etc.) NAL EXCEPT CHIED COMPLAINED OF BEING FRIGHTENED	H. Examination of landing area — (marks, im-
D. Psychological effect on observer(s) — (describe your thoughts, feelings, fear, etc., during the incident and after)	pressions, footprints (make sketch), holes, crushed vegetation, burnt patches or branches substance, odour or radiation, etc.)
O LANDING: WAS INEXPLANABLE	
A. Terrain—(open land, hills, paddock, forest, bushes, road, highway, swamp desert, etc.)	11. POSSIBLE REASONS FOR UFO'S PRESENCE IN THE AREA
B. Landing surface — (soft ground, hard soil, rocks, water, etc.)	a. Any governmental, military or research installations in vicinity? b. High tension lines or large electricity sources?
C. Type of landing—(did object(s) settle on ground, hovered just above it or at what height?)	c. Were such installations ahead or behind UFO's trajectory? d. Any other possible reasons?
D. Occupants — (beings, robots or other crea-	12. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:
tures, their number, seen on ground, in, or on the craft, describe their height, build and special features)	(Give any relevant data not covered by this questionnain Any photos taken?—(How many, details of camera, exposure, ASA, type of film, etc.)
ani merature?	FALLY TEO TO DR. HERBISON EVANS WH
with what result? SENT THIS PAPER	AND AIDS FOR PHOTOGRAPHY
14. ENCLOSED ARE:	The result of the second of th
(photographs, negatives, motion pictures, news clippings, note	es on radio, TV, etc.) (They will be returned to you.)
15. SKETCH OF THE OBJECT AND MAP OF THE LOCALITY: (Show North; your position; direction from which object(s) a	appeared and disappeared from view; course over the area; towns;
landmarks, etc.)	
12,3 D 4, STAR APPEARENCE.	123
	VN. VN.
DATE 10 - 5 - 74 SIGNATUR	E Moldenolen
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:	
Classified:	Report received:
	Report examined:
and the same of th	

Signature of Examiner

7° AUSTRALIA BEFORE FOUR O'CLOCK Deft. of Defense/Air.

Canlerra . A.C.T. 2600



RED HILL PRIMARY SCHOOL. A.C.T.

BOX 21 MONARO CRESCENT A.C.T. 2603 1/5/14

Dear F/O Gretton, He class was doing some work outside under teacher supervision. They were widely scattered, some in pairings or small groups, some alone. The matter was reported to me withen a very few minutes. I questioned the girls separately and found sufficient agreement to indicate that the girls had seen something; sufficient difference to hint that the stony had not been concacted,

By the time Sevent out to sheck location, the cloud had changed a little, but probably not substantially as to size. my estimate of its height is given. It occupied 15-20°9 againsth, 10°-150 y height.

Disagreements are: (a) The object cercled the cloud completely (or almost completely) and sear entered near the point of first sighting (2 girls). The object over-ran



hand.

RED HILL PRIMARY SCHOOL, A.C.T.

PHONE 95 7182

BOX 21
MONARO CRESCENT
A C T 2603

its first point y sighting by about 100. (1 girl)

(2 girls); 15 seconds (1 girl).

(3 The sighting was about 5 seconds (2 girls); 15 seconds (1 girl).

(5) The estimated speeds are obviously far too slow. One girl suggested 50-60 uph slower than a jet plane (707). The others thought the same speed as a jet. Incidentally in timing the sighting I had each girl make an estimate from a starting signal while I from a starting signal while I timed it with a sweep second

Yours surcevely, John D'arcy Principal

REPORT OF UNUSUAL ALRIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer
(a) ann mather, alison Hamilton

1.	Name of observer & Cheryl Hughes Age all 10.
	Address Red Hill School
	Bon 21 Monaro Crescent State Act Post Code 2605
	Occupation School Children
	(a) 957338
	Telephone No. (home) 6, 957386 (business) 957/82.
2.	a. Exact location of observer Inschool playground. In a free grouping situation, widely scattered. Two gerls were
	rogether, one about to metres away.
	b. Observer's familiarity with the location
3.	Start of observation: Date BKApul Time 2.20 am/pm
	End of observation : Date 1816 April Time 2.20 105. am/pm
4.	Accuracy of date Corolet Times Within 2013 minutes .
5.	General weather conditions of time of observation, referring to cloud,
	wind, visibility etc. Line. Heavy scattered cloud with
	patches of blue sky.
6.	a. In what direction was the sighting first observed? <u>East</u> .
	b. At what angle to the horizon?
	25° cloud
	You
	horizon
7.	a. In what direction was the sighting last observed? East
	b. At what angle to the horizon?
	1 de asabore.
	You o
	horizon
8.	Estimate of distance and/or altitude from observer 10-12 000' vertically
	3-4 Km in direct vision
9.	How were the answers to questions 6, 7 and 8 assessed, and were aids
	or equipment used during the sighting? My observation for cloud
-	shortly after the reporteging. Iwas a navigator during W. W. IT
	/10. Describe

10.	Desc	ribe the object(s)/light(s) as follows:
	8.	number One
	b.	colour White (2) - Bright white (1)
	C.	size medium star (2) - Small star (1)
	d.	shape See attached drawings
	e.	brightness (relative to full moon/star) Star(3)
	f.	movement/direction of travel Clockwise around
		the cloud.
	g.	sound None
	h.	speed Plane
	i.	method of propulsion None apparent
	j.	manner of disappearance Upand into cloud.
11.	a.	Narrative description of the sighting and any unusual
		features or additional comments
		Two girls sitting together saw it
		and drew the attention of the girl
		sitting a little away. all
		claimed fear" (apprehension?)
		and my impression when
		questioning them shortly
		afterwards was that two ythem
		were disturbed.

b. Diagram or sketch of sighting (if possible)

1	withing,	
	and the second second	
Chenyl	alison	ann

	other witnesses were there to the sighting? rovide names and addresses if possible)
ann 1	rather 12 Janas Crescent
alison	rather 12 Janag Crescent Hamilton 35 Janes Coescent
Chenu	Estugles 53 Sprent Street
Have you organizat	previously made any reports to official authorities of ions regarding unusual aerial sightings? If so, give ails of dates and circumstances.

Date May 1st 1974 Signature & Diar

13-17 APR74 SIGHTINGS 16-19 VARIOUS VARIOUS WITHESSES

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM Stock No 7530-66-052-8064 29 APRT 4 HOPEA UNUSUAL AERIAL PHENOMENA REPORTS with FIG OFF GRETTON as per telecon of 1130 WST 29 APR 74 the fallower people reported seeing two very bright lights together in the Eastern Shy at the times and dates she 16 a. MISS PAT FERRAR CI- GMILE HOTEL, WHYNDHAM after 11PM SAT 13 APR 74 MR. R. G. TONKIN Box 94, DERBY, W. A. 6728 0315 MON 15APR74 and 0300 TUE 16 APRT4 18 C. MR. GLYN TAYLOR CI- AUTOWAYS P/L 554 ALBANY HWY, VICTORIA PARK, PERTH, W.A. 0345 WED 17 APR74 19 d. MR. DAVID GARLICK 168 WEST COAST Hwy, SCAR BOROUGH W.A. 0300 WIED 17 APR 74 Grow your charts these lights appeared to be Jupiter and Venus

APPOINTMENT

UFO OFFICER

FUTUT

R.R.J. PYIERS

PHONE NO

207-

UPO OFFICE POTT R.P.I. PHACE RECEIVED 2 May 74 15 47 yest sale DE MOF DEFENCE CENTRAL REGISTRY a parameter THE FUEL IN SOED TERRESIDEN WA TO HELLOW LOWER HERE ENTER THAT GRADIES **"这个人,这个人,这个人,这个是一个** PEXTON DAYS WATER A SPACE SET HOUSEN HON CH- ALERAM 15 - P.L. DIM GEYN TRUEBS Coo Tole to spelle BEKEY W. A. 638 R. H Mile. Hold American ILP CONTRACTOR OF IS PORTED WANTED HIS SIE DENNIE HARE A MILES FAT TERRENCE which the End town William with the the world be to the text of percent of a specifical water of the second of the second DE BUIL

8 MAR71 SIGHTING # 15 BICTON M.E. LOMAN-HALL WA

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM DATE REFERENCES | 9 | AIR PAT(12)

DATE

DOTUM 74 HOPEA 5 | 9 | AIR PAT(12)

DATE

DATE

REFERENCES

HOPEA 5 | 9 | AIR PAT(12) HOPEA UFO OFFICER AERIAL SIGHTING for your records, is a copy an imusual arenal sighting ENCLOSURE Copy of letter to Dr. M.E. Loman - Hall APPOINTMENT PHONE NO FLE OFF IR S LYON

580/1/1 Pt 35(15a) 3 1 MAY 1974

Dr M. E. Loman-Hall, 31 Mansbury Street, BICTON, W.A. 6157.

Dear Dr Loman-Hall,

Thank you for the most interesting report of your experience of 8th March, 1971. The investigating team has examined the circumstances as reported by you and can reach no firm conclusion as to cause or origin. You will appreciate that the delay of three years from sighting to report, and the absence of reports from other witnesses, precluded a definitive result to the investigation.

Yours is a most unusual report; of the many cases (in excess of 600) investigated in the past several years there are no others which relate closely to the events you described. The report will be retained as part of our information bank for future reference and comparison.

We regret that we are unable to comment further on the reported events. Timely reporting is of great importance in investigations of these unusual occurrences. Statistically it is highly improbable that you will again experience reportable phenomena, but should you do so would you please make your report while all details are fresh in your memory. Once again we thank you for your interest.

Yours sincerely,

(G. J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMORANDUM May 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-8	IOGA		3
FROM HO 7530-66-052-8	FILE S/9/AIR PT7 (12)	DATE REFERENCE	ES
DEFAIR SUBJECT	DAFI		
DH UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGI attached		by dr. Love	mon- Hall
for your investe	gation.		
SIGNATURE NAME R.P.	TEOS F	NK APPOINTMENT	PHONE NO

INVESTIGATING OFFICERS REPORT

During the interview with Dr. Lowman-Hall she gave me the name of a doctor she was in partnership with at the time of the sighting.

The doctor was contacted and told of the situation. He said that considering her condition of health at the time, the sighting was definitely hallucinatory.

He declined to give a written statement and prefered not to be mentioned by name if possible as he was not sure of his legal position.

(P/R.J. PYERS)
Flight Lieutenant
UFO Officer



REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

PART 1 - REPORT BY OBSERVER

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer MARGARET EYRE LOMAN. HALL LYM.
2.	Name of Observer MARGARET EYRE LOMAN HALL 47ym. Address of Observer 31 Man & Burry St. BICTON
	WA 6157 Phone No 39 4400
3.	Occupation of Observer Medical Practitiones.
4.	Date & Time of start of Observation 7.45am Manday March 8 1971.
	How certain is the date? . Accorde - I keep a dray.
	How accurate is the time of start?
5.	Duration of the observation
	How accurate is your estimate? Reasonably accorate (not time.
6.	Observers' location at the time of sighting . Open foul don.
	. of have
	How familiar is the observer with this locality? (am pletely (level there suce (a61)) Weather conditions at time of observation . Two and day
7.	
	- daw - glid - to - to - p
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	••••••
9.	Where was object first observed?
	a. Relative to your surroundings . Oh . road neat letter box
	about 40 feet fran observer.)
	b. Angle of elevation ? was kovering just above c. Compass angle bearing later look off in a SE derection
	c. Compass angle bearing later took off in a S.E. derech a
	d. How accurate are these estimates?!
10.	What first attracted observers attention? . The luminos conce
	of the object + its unusual shape.

22.7	If there was more than one light/object:
, b	a. How many were there?
	b. In what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Silver grey
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance; eg ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	Memisa ous.
14.	What was the apparent size of the nearest approach? a. Relative to Venus or Moon Not surferested at that the
	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from eyes) Drawsher approximately 6 feet-
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at the nearest approach and how these values assessed? Hoverup about I foothow goind.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Shout whiring sound as object moved quay
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Lee below (450) 23 e.
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at a stated distances
	10mph -> 60mph
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail or exhaust, vapour or light seen hoffuse . Gill
	round or from within this as trail observed.
23.	Where was objects last observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings South eastern sky b. angle of elevation . 45 approximately
	b. angle of elevation . 45 approximately
	c. Compass angle hearing South east

24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? Flight-
1	
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	None observed
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
	University cowse in Physics
27.	How many witness to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area
	1/0
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? Now to my thouseledge
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? A little green homemontes talgeted from the
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
	flourescent greg
	1 greg
	(
	TEhoman Hall note 19/18 Parch 1974
Simatura	TEhoman Hall Date 19/18 1974

RECEIVED

30 APR 74 16 12

DEPT. OF DEFENCE CENTRAL REGISTRY

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24 FEB74 0 BIGHTING # 14 IFFLEY STN L.E. BARRY



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

DAFI

With the Compliments of Director - General Plans and Policy I have not a Clue at what this is alonT S made no flore call & Mr Bany as referred & in his letter. DEPARTMENT OF AIR Que to you 7 Ang 74

Ernest Barry & Company

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS
MOSTA HOUSE
72 VICTORIA STREET, MACKAY
QUEENSLAND

YOU CAN BASK ON MOST A PERMANENT BUILDING SOCIETY



EO. 07

DGPPE

Group Captain Evens,

RECORD SECTION

RUSSERL HILL A CT 2600

If not claimed within 14 days, please return to Box 244, P.O., Mackay, 4740



Ernest Barry & Company

DLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS

MOSTA HOUSE
72 VICTORIA STREET, MACKAY, 4740
NORTH QUEENSLAND.

Office: 572875 (2 lines). After Hours: 576679, 551597, 578372

> P.O. Box 244 S.T.D. Code-079

Date:	1st August, 1974.
Your Ref.:	
Our Ref.:	U.F.O. SIGHTING
Section:	Misc.
Secretary:	Mrs. L. Bishop
If phoning or for Mr,:	calling on this matter kindly ask L.E. BARRY

Group Captain Evans, R.A.A.F. CANBERRA.

Dear Sir,

With further reference to the U.F.O. report upon which you rang the writer some time ago as mentioned completely independant witnesses apparently sighted some object earlier that evening.

The writer has been able to contact one of those witnesses and a statement has been obtained which has been signed by the two occupants of the vehicle at that time.

It is trusted this further information may be of some further assistance to you.

Yours faithfully,

L.E. BARRY



STATEMENT

MY full name is GREGORY MICHAEL GOODE and I reside at Eimeo Road, Mackay.

I remember the night of the 23rd of February. The day was a Saturday and we left Mackay at approximately 4.00 p.m. and having travelled down to the McKenzie River we were returning along the Mt. Flora Beef Road towards Nebo at approximately 10.00 p.m. heading in a direction approximately south at or about the Valkarie access road area.

I was in company with John McKay who is a professional fisherman of Seaforth via Mackay.

We had consumed no alcohol and we were not tired and were heading home.

We were travelling in an austin tasman sedan along a dirt road at approximately 20 m.p.h.

I can remember that the night was dark and that there were no large stars visible and there were no stars on the horizon.

Any stars that did show were small and distant like pin pricks.

The road was straight and forrest trees were growing to the road;

although the area to the road would be approximately 150 feet wide

as far as the clearing is concerned the road itself being possibly

20 feet.

As we were driving along in this area suddenly a bright light which could have been oval or round passed over us in front of the car sufficiently slowly for us to see it in movement.

By the same token it was unexpected and it was quick enough not to be able to distinguish its actual shape.

It was so bright that it lit up the whole of the area in which we were travelling.

It actually lit up the forrest both sides of the road as it passed over.

It must have been low as our vision upwards was naturally blocked by the trajectory of the roof of the sedan in which we were travelling. It appeared to be travelling in the direction from south to west or alternatively it crossed the road at a 90° angle.

We slowed up and by this time it had gone.

We did not alight from the car. We were not frightened in any way. We discussed it and at the time put it down to a U.F.O. or a meteor

O.H.M.S.

Mr L. E. Barry, 23 Gordon Street, MACKAY, QLD. 4740.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

DEPARTMENT OF ADE DEFENCE (AIR OFFICE)

.....

Hoene 2275 or a falling star.

We were unable to estimate its height other than assuming that by Wirtue of the area being lit up so brightly it must have been close to the ground.

We never actually saw any particular shape and the assumption that it was round or oval is purely from memory of the incident. We heard no noise.

freforte 189 g Myay

DATED at Mackay this 1/1 day of Chiquet.



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

Telephone: 79-5666

Headquarters
RAAF Base
TOWNSVILLE QLD 4810

5/4/Air Pt2(82)

19th April 1974

Department of Defence (Air Office) (Attn: DAFT_IR)

For Informations

Headquarters Operational Command (Attn: CIO)

UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS

1. Enclosed are two Unusual Aerial Sighting Reports. Both sightings were made in North Queensland; one on the 24th February 1974 at Iffley Station (18-54S 141-13E); and the other near Ingham (18-19S 146-10E) on the 27th March. Following are the investigating officer's comments on these reports.

The Iffley Station Sighting - 24th February 1974

- This report was not received until the 10th April 1974 and was in the form of two well detailed statements which are enclosed. One of the witnesses, Mr Barry, a solicitor of Mackay was contacted by telephone with a view to validating his statement which he had neglected to sign, and to arrange a personal interview with him and Mr Gilmore who also lives in the Mackay district. Mr Barry was quite adament however that he did not feel that any more detail apart from that provided in the statements could be supplied. The investigating officer gained the impression that Mr Barry was sure of his description and the statements contained the facts to his satisfaction. In view of this, and the very detailed statements provided, the standard pro formae were not sent for completion.
- 3. Mr Barry was able to give interpretations of the angles mentioned in Mr Gilmore's statement, the meaning of which are not immediately obvious. According to Mr Barry the azimuth of the sighting was between 91°-30' and 93° (approx due east), and the elevation was 23 25° while the object was stationary, increasing as the object appeared to recede into the sky. He also emphasised that the object was semi circular in shape, as illustrated, and that it did occupy a large portion of the lens area when viewed through a theodolite.
- Accurate details of meterological conditions in the immediate area are not available, but at 232300ZFEB, five hours after the sighting, a slight inversion of +1°C at 1500 feet was measured at the nearest weather station, Cloncurry. Venus had risen in the east to an elevation of 7°-26' by 231830ZMAR (0430K). Venus would appear to have been a possible explanation of the sighting but for:

- a. the apparent size and shape described when viewed through the theodolite;
- b. the reported angle of elevation; and
- c. the witnesses' assertion that the object appeared to cast a glow on the cloud cover. The moon was not visible at all during the period of observation.
- 5. DCA Mt Isa has no record of any aircraft or helicopter movements in that area for an overlapping period of three days.
- 6. Mr L.E. Barry's address is 23 Gordon St Mackay.

The Ingham Sighting - 27th March 1974

- 7. This report was made by an Ingham cane farmer who initially phoned through details to the Orderly Sergeant at approximately 261530ZMAR. The next day he rang the investigating officer and described the alleged sighting. A pro forms was forwarded to Mr Mancuso for completion, and although not complete in every detail, the described movements of the object appear to discount any natural phenomena such as stars, planets or meteorites, as well as man made satellite traverses. The description of the coloured lights suggested to the investigating officer that an aircraft was involved; except for the rapid traverse from west to north, however DBA reports no aircraft movements in the area at the time.
- 8. Mr Mancuso's illustrations, somewhat unconventional, should be interpreted as the object moving from west to north; stationary and/or moving vertically and horizontally between north and west; returning to the north suddenly and then gradually disappearing. Total observation time was two and one half hours. Mr Mancuso's vague description of elevation can be taken as between 20° and 30° as described to the investigating officer over the telephone.

(P.J. HODGE)

Flight Lieutenant for Officer Commanding

Enclosures 2 Aerial Sighting Reports



A.L.Gilmore, 7 Hawk St., Slade Point.4741. 25th March, 1974.

Enclosed please find two (2) statements, one made by the writer and one by Lawerence Barry, A soliciter of Mackay.

These statements relate to the sighting in company of an Unidentified Flying Object at Iffley Station.

Trusting that they are of interest to you.

Yours faithfully,

A. L. Gilmore

4.3

STATEMENT OF LES GILMORE

The following is a record of my observations of an unidentified object, seen by myself in company with Lawrence Barry and Raymond Mansfield on the morning of 24th February from approximately 4.00 a.m. to 4.37 a.m.

First sight of the object was by Lawrence Barry who was sitting on the verandah of the mens' quarters of Iffley Station. Raymond Mansfield and myself were playing pool in a room. (The reason for our being awake was to control a pump test on a 6" water bore 100 yards from the mens' quarters. My reason for being at Iffley).

Lawrence Barry called to Raymond and myself and asked if we knew anything about stars as he could see a particularly bright one through some trees. On joining Lawrence on the verandah we could certainly see a bright light which I took to be landing lights of an aircraft, facing, if not directly, almost directly towards us.

Lawrence and Ray went out into the yard to gain a better view and it was at this time we all noted a rocking motion by the object similar to a helicopter hovering. At this time I also noticed some form of light emmission showing both on cloud and timber below. There was no sign of a beam even though the light on the timber was of comparable power to a search light. As the country rises away from the quarters and is cleared for some distance I estimate that the area of timber which was lit to be no more than five miles distant but probably less.

I joined the others in the yard and we moved away from the quarters to lessen the noise of the test pump engine in an endeavour to hear any noise the object might be making. (We all noticed that the object was showing two red lights beneath it similar to the flahing lights when aircraft transmit and at this stage we were all convinced that the object was a helicopter.) Raymond said that he could also see a flahing red light on top but neither Lawrence or myself could see this.

We walked or rather stumbled a distance of 500 to 600 yards towards the object and away from the engine noise but never at any time heard a noise that we could attribute to the object. We all noted that there were more or less constant light emmissions from the object which showed on cloud and as we walked on discussing the object I remembered the theodolite which I had brought with me and we all turned back to the homestead, Raymond going on ahead.

Shortly after turning back Lawrence and I noted a brighter than hitherto flash and we simultaneously turned and looked back. This flash was probably related to the object's propulsion units

as it was by now moving away. I think it was at this time that I remarked to Lawrence that we were probably on Martian and Camera and how funny we must have looked as Raymond and I had both carried our pool cues.

I set the instrument up (levels only) and locked the compas grid so that I could transfer the readings in day light. I first sighted the object in the lens at 4.20 a.m. and turned to the others and said "Well you have yourself a flying saucer" and invited them both to look. The object had by now considerably receded from first sighting but occupied at least a third of the lens area. We decided that others should be called and Raymond went towake them. The light emmissions were clearly visible in the lens and showed the colours of the spectrum very vividly and clearly. I formed the opinion that this light emmission was definitely related to the object's propulsion (see previous paragraph).

The object receded to infinity by 4.25. a.m. but its definition remained clear to last sight. Charles Grymer and Wayne Stewart had now come over and we told them and they were too late. Slight cloud had by now come over the area and one of the men said he could see a glow and I once again could see the object in the lens and despite the cloud the definition remained clear. It approached to almost the same distance as when first sighted in the instrument by 4.30. I consider that the doppler effect was evident as the colour was a reddish yellow when the object was receding and a brighter bluey-white when approaching. This effect was most marked.

The object once again receded still showing the pulsing light (spectrum colours) and was lost to sight at 4.37 a.m. As in the first instance the definition remained clear despite the slight cloud cover until infinity.

The shape was that of a crescent moon 1 to 2 days from new moon with the points uppermost on a horizontal plane. I gained the impression that the object was spherical in shape, it was never clearly defined because of brightness of the crescent section. The course travelled by the object from the marked point Iffley Station (the instrument station was marked with a peg for possible future reference) and corrected later in the day from 93 to 91 30 and its angle varied from 23 - 25. The variations in readings occurred a number of times.

a. L. Gilmore

STATEMENT BY LAWRENCE EDWARD BARRY

I remember the 23rd February 1974. On the 22nd February 1974, Friday, I had travelled to Iffley Station

John Bros & Los Silmone

in company with Charles Grymer and my son Mark leaving Mackay at approximately 6.00 p.m. The purpose for this particular trip was to water test a six inch Bore which required testing for twenty-four hours straight with tests taken every half hour. The rig was towed to Mackay by the Iffley Toyota Four-wheel drive and was set out on site ready to commence some time after 10.00 a.m. Saturday morning. Testing commenced and continued throughout the day with Les Gilmore of Fields conducting that operation and generally using station men to assist. When night time came I had the boys and myself all go into pairs and draw lots for what was to have been 2½ hours involving five tests per time. At possibly about 10.00 p.m. Saturday night I moved over to the Men's Quarters verandah and some of us commenced to play billiards and sat around on the verandah while those on shift kept themselves available for their exact testing times. Les Gilmore during this period attempted to have a sleep back at the homestead and possibly some time before midnight I went on a test with Raymond Mansfield and Arnold Hogan and in my opinion the bore head was shaking too much and testing which had become difficult previously due to interference with the pump head was exceedingly difficult. I sent for Les Gilmore who was woken and certain adjustments were made to the testing line. Les Gilmore, Arnold Hogan, myself and Raymond Mansfield and my son Mark all then fairly well decided we might as well stay up for the night and we commenced some billiard competitions etc. Some time at around about half past three to 4.00 a.m. my son Mark said he would go back to bed at the homestead and he left us. At approximately 2 .-- a.m. Arnold Hogan, Les Gilmore and myself consumed one stubby of XXXX each and that was the only beer available on the property. Mark possibly went to bed closer to 3.00 a.m. on recollection.

Sometime around 4.00 a.m.. Arnold Hogan said he would catch some sleep and he went to bed leaving Raymond Mansfield, Les Gilmore and myself. Les Gilmore had never played

billiards before and was most enthusiastic about the game and we continued to play off amongst ourselves. I was felling a little leg tired and I sat down on the verandah considered to be west while the others were playing billiards. am still not completely clear of the time but I consider it would have been around 4.00 a.m. Sitting in the position where I was after a short time I noticed what I consider to be a very bright star under a tree in front of me. I thought to myself that star is very low to the horizon in the distance and it's bigger and brighter than any star I have seen before. I also thought I might make a fool of myself asking what star it was so I watched it for a few minutesin the belief that it was a star but curiosity got the better of me and I called the others from the billiard room and asked them if they new anything about stars. I felt reasonably fortunate when they both said not much and they came out and looked at "the star" and commented along the lines I had thought as to how bright and unusual it was. We moved to the end of the verandah as originally the few moments we were looking through some trees and Raymond Mansfield and I moved off the verandah towards the implement shed and got a clear view of it. We were within talking distance of Les Gilmore and was still on the verandah and we all noticed and inter-commented at the same time that the light moved laterally and up and down and was unstable. We all commented on this simultaneously We all noticed and commented simultaneously that it appeared to have intermitent head lights on the lower extremity. We could hear no noise from the object as the B75 tractor driving the pump head was between us and the light. Les Gilmore joined us in the spot between the shed and the Men's Quarters and Raymond Mansfield and I went around to the otherside of the shed in the hope that t he Tractor noise would be blocked out by the implement shed and we might hear any noise from the "star". It was at this time that we commented that its movements were similar to a helicopter and I commented that it reminded me of a set of aeroplane lights as they approached the landing strip only without beams. commented that it appeared to me to be something like four lights in a square closely joined into one bigger light. Raymond Mansfield when the red lights appeared, commented and said that he saw a

red light on the top of the object although neither Les Gilmore nor myself saw this. The object was very big and wavering in an unstable basis and was definitely not a star. We considered that it was very close and I estimated its position to have been about the Beef Road boundary, some 8 miles away. Les Gilmore thought closter to five miles away and settled on 5 to 10 miles. that it could have been a helicopter or aeroplane or something like that although I feel that most of our thoughts were that it was a U.F.O. type object and at this stage I think conversation commenced that it could be a flying saucer or such. Still thinking in terms of a helicopter and at the same time wondering why its lights showed no beam, we decided to travel towards it on foot down one of our access roads to the homestead and we travelled east towards the object passing through the homestead gate at which time I noticed that both Raymond Mansfield and Les Gilmore still had their billiard cues in their hands. I remember asking them "Were their billiard cues loaded", such was t he spell-bound nature which had gripped the situation. I kept watching the object to the extent that on several occasions travelling along this line we fell into large ruts and we possibly would have watched and ran half a mile towards the object down this road when Les Gilmore said "I have the theo dolite in my room, if I get that I will be able to plot its course and magnify it". He sent Raymond ahead of us to get it and we went together for a few moments still watching the object and then turned to the homestead. As we were returning without we both simultaneously turned around together as behind us a large flash of sheet lightning had occurred By the time we turned the object was still behaving the same although we had missed the flash. We kept as we walked back towards the homestead turning back to ensure constant view. When we returned to the homestead Les Gilmore set up the Theodolite and we all noticed that the object was commencing to get smaller but this was a slow process. After the theodolite was lined up by Les Gilmore he stated "Well you have got yourselves a flying saucer" and invited me to look through the theodolite. I looked into the theodolite and clearly outlined largely in the theodolite

was the top harf or third of a circle (i.e. a crescent with the flat base parallel to the ground) The definition was perfect although at the edges it appeared to look slightly gaseous. This view did not show up any colour lights although in the short period I viewed the object on this occasion it for most of the period held a constant white/goldy hue but on one occasion changed colours some four times on a pulsating basis changed to whitey blue, whitely pink, whitely yellow and whitely green from memory. Raymond Mansfield then viewed the object and after a short while I stated that to the naked eye the object was becoming smaller but not noticeably and its originaly whiteness was becomming yellow. I asked Raymond to get my son Mark to have a look at it as I wanted him to view the object and I considered he might nevery see anything like it again. I told Raymond to wake up Wayne Stewart and Charles Grymer at the homestead and Arnold Hogan at the Men's Quarters. My son Mark could not be woken nor could Arnold Hogan but shortly afterwards Wayne Stewart and Charles Grymer came to the head of the homestead's back stairs. During this time the object had diminished in size and I had recorded certain plottings in a note book as called by Les Gilmour and I recorded the exact time of recording. At one stage Les Gilmour invited me to stand besides the theodolite and hold the torch on the telescope and as he was plotting it he showed me how quickly the object was rising by my watching the end of the telescope as he turned the knob whilst following its course. By the time Wayne Stewart and Charles Grymer had arrived (in the short time to walk from the stairs to the theodolite) the object had risen high into the heavens and had actually disappeared. They thought we were pulling their legs. A few minutes later in about the last position we had sighted the object as it disappeared it commenced to reappear and its brightness commenced to start again progressively as if it were again travelling back towards us and Les Gilmour once again said he had the object in sight. The object stopped when it had again become quite bright but not as bright or clear as the original sighting. Charles Grymer and Wayne Stewart then looked through the theodolite and I had one more and the object was once again clearly defined, pulsating and changing colours only slightly

smaller in the theodolite than last time. It then after a short period commenced to move away again in the same direction and in a matter of moments on the same basis as previously, travelled upwards and away from us only to diminish to a pin prick then was gone. Stewart and Grymer saw from nothing to the object appearing brightening stopping and then receding again. We then lined the theodolite on the biggest stars in the sky and they showed only an enlargement of a normal view of a star. They were but pin pricks on the lens where as the crescent shaped object at all times occupied a very large area. The best sightings were particularly large and would have occupied up to one-third of the total area of the lens circle. The night was dark and unmoonlit. There were no large stars at all and there was little cloud in this direction. There was some cloud and at times when the object came near to cloud it brightly lit the cloud area concerned. left the theodolite there that night and the next morning pegged its position and later that day Les Gilmour took bearings as to that position. The next night, Sunday, when travelling home my son sighted a satellite travelling across the sky at approximately 8 to 9 p.m. It was high in the sky, but a pin prick to the size of this light and I am able to state that the object seen was

- (1) not a star
 - (2) not a satellite
 - (3) not an aeroplane or helicopter
 What was it?

It was not until the next day that I was informed that the theodolite shows pictures of everything up side down. Therefore in fact the shape of this object would be flat on top and curvex underneath.

as seem n Theodolile

AS WOULD

Ais 24/14 ALMAR 32

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type
	HeadingT
	Height000ft000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C typeN/L(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height000ft
	SpeedKK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrs
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 18-545 Longitude 141-13E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	Levation of Venus only . 0430x (23/8302) Bug 102°T fm lffley. Elevation Q7°-26' Noon not visible. Nel Other planets / stars.
36.	A meteorological baloon was released fromCLONCVRRY
	at3/115zFBcolourWH!TE Weight
	Radio-sonde **/radar **/Candle **/battery ** (** delete as required)
	General wind profile . Easterly to NNE
	Maximum height tracked 34.000
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of .t./°C at/500 ft
	measured at 23 2300 2 FEB 74. Z hrs from CLONCURPYstation.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites
	etc. relevant to the sighting N/L

39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
	were operatingN/A
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot* be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required)
	••••••

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

PART 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form).

1.	Name of observer M. Pont. Nico Mancoso
2.	Address of observer . Box 13 Tresolds Via . Ing. bom
3.	Occupation of observer . GANE. JANNER
4.	Date and time of start of observation W.D 2.7." MARCH 12.:30
	How certain is the date? Positive
	How accurate is the time of start? 12.30 To who I find saw it
5.	Duration of observation form 12:30 am f. 2:00 am
	How accurate is your estimate? Assurate
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting TREPORTE 5. MILES
	west of Inghom
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
	•••••
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation

8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation Birocylpes:
9.	Where was object first observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings West:
	b. Angle of elevation
	b. Angle of elevation
	d. how accurate are these estimates

10.	What first attracted observer's attention? lead. built light.
moving	acress the shy
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Physe, green, and presented.
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	Twise As bright As Vews:
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	a. relative to Venus or MoonVENUS
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed?
	••••••
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NO SOUND (IT WAS fAR to DISTANT)
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? CANNOT DESCRIBE
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of
	familiar objects at stated distances
	me; guing from Mest. To Neath at 100 Het.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases . When it come to North it stoyed
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres . Mp Author . V. A. gen Ph g A
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	.the 3 Lights descriped

4	
23.	Where was object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings North
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing DISTUNGE. IT. SECHED.
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? It fline grown and gradually disappeared. grown and gradually disappeared.
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism
	or radioactivity etc)
	•••••
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	NOW.E.
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?4
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? N.O
	••••••
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation? UFO:
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	WONE.
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch
	position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings.
	Use back of form if needed.
N 12.30 M	W W 1:00 A
••••	W 2.00 pm w
~	iv liv
	ALSO DiAgonally. to eniginal position.
	Signature Date 30 t HARCH 1974
	2.00 pm - 3.00 pm.
IN	W
	Money cround like before in this
-	general area.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type
	HeadingT
	Height000ft000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type. N/L (1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height000ft000ft000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 18-19.5Longitude. 146-10.E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only Venus 0300K bry 103°T Gles 2°10'
36.	A meteorological baloon was released from .Townswill.
	at .1115 z (2115K) colour W.41TE Weight 100
	Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery ** (** delete as required)
	General wind profile Easterly to 5000' then NE to N
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	Was it known to have burst?
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites
	etc. relevant to the sighting .N.4

39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
	were operating
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting cannot* be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required)

HONL Unit P.J. 140066 (name)
19APR74 Date PLT LT (rank)

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88 TO December and a service of the second o

Consideration of the Considera

Royal Australian Air Force A273 – MEMORANDUM May 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-	-8064		estrella.
TO DEFAIR THROCE SUBJECT Unusual		12MAKTY	RECEIVED 2 3 APR 1974 DAFI
			Fly Af. H.K.
Trevethan GD M	leged unus	ual as	real Sighting
Enclosure: Rep	port on Usual	Genal	Sighting
Machanace P.J.	- A A A A A	IK APPOINT	MENT PHONE NO

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the



Part 1 - Report by Observer

	observer is invited ti describe the sighting
	in his or her own manner, using either separate
	sheets or the back of this form)
1.	Name of Observer. M. A. BESLEY
2.	Address of Observer. 3.7. CURLSWIS CRES,
	GARRAN ACT 2605 Phone Number 8/5782
3.	Occupation of Observer PUBLIC SERVANT
4.	Date & Time of Start of Observeration. 17/4/749.30 PM
	How certain is the date? ABSOLUTELY
	How accurate is the time of start? 5 MINS
5.	Duration of Observer atto
1	How accurate is your estimate?
6)	Observer's location at time of sighting. FRONT VERANDAM
	OF RESIDENCE AT ABOVE ADDRESS
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Wheather conditions at time of observetion
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	VISIBLE CLEARLY TO NAKED EXE BUT also locked at through good binoculars
9.	Where was object first observed? (Ng shope apparent just o
	a. Relative to your surroundings. About OUER CENTRE (possibly venus) OF OMBUEY (10 to SSW) + below bright star - well below
	OF OMBUEY (se to SSW) & below bright star - well below
	b. angle of elevation25-7.35
	c. compass angle bearing ABout 55W
	d. how accurate are these estimates? . Pretty
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?. Moving
	of object in a westerly direction
11.	If there was more than one light/object; Yes
	a. how many were there?, one at first lake when pattern of
	b.in

	b. in what formation were they? Line abrost
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? White but 17. went red
13	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common single light
	light sourse at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	Slightly bright than star mentioned in 9 (9)
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?;
	a. relative to Venus or Moon Slightly smaller than star in 9(a) - signsh
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length(about. 20 inches from eyes) 1/6 > 1/8 of an inch lidestinate
15.	What were the bearings and elevation angles at nearest
	approach and how were these values assessed? The moved tett to right in from ssw to w to be as single source
	the from sse in a ME direction over observation post at end
16.	the from sse in a ME direction over observation post at end of the hour person of left right left motion like direction changes was any method of propulsion obvious? No
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensity associated with object in sur-> ME workenst but they was
18.	intensity associated with object in sw-> HE wave to bot the was for any flower and account like noise (bistan) which I assume What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate can be justified)?
	May goe MIN 25-> 350 No idea of height but
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or
	speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. And the state of the state
	about cased at area had an well clack
00	Give duration of any stationary phases. end of homeontal are
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases.
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen No. NE SEEN
23.	Where was object last observed?: heading one kd Hill (by this a. relative to your surroundings. Here. was an each of the
	b. angle of elevation About 60.
	c. compass angle bearing forMG- about ME.
24.	What was the manner of it's disappearance? Hill (Rd Ail)
	crest cut off view
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence(such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	NO

26.	State any training which enables observer to be resonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
	CIVIL EMGINEER BY PROFESSION
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? Two . My layrdd + 16 yr old
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similiar sightings in the area
29.	What natural phenomemon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
	CAMIT THIMK OF ONE
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation CANT THINK OF AMY CASECT ABALLOCAT, PLANE, HELICOPTER ICH WOULD HAVE LEFT/RIGHT/LEFT WITHOUT AND SOUND + SIFF
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch positions and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
37 CHRUEL CRES	Also part light of or other best of the bright le second of the bright best of the bright

N

KED / HAY

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C TYPE. NIL(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height/,000 ft,000ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reporting UFO Position at the time:
	A/C type SEE. QVEST) ON. 41(2)(3)
	HeadingT.
	Height000ft000ft000ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observers Location: Latitude 35205. Longtitude 14.907E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
	Conopus 225 ELENATION 60°
36.	A meteorological ballon was released from FAIRBAR
	at 2000.Z. Colour.WHJTEWeight,gm
	Radio-sonde **/ radar **: Candle **/ battery ** (**delete as required.)
	General wind profile. WESTERLY. To
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst? NOTKNOW N
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of NULC
	atFT, measured atZhrs from
	station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites etc relevent to the sighting.
	SATELLITE . APPEARED . AT 2145 K . BR.G 235 . AND
	TRAVELLED DUE SOUTH

3	When identified as possible trace if available, and asce aircraft lights were operati	rtain which of the
	SEE. PLESTION 41.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
40.	The cause (or likely cause) be determined.	of the sighting can*/ eannot
41.	THE PERIOD MOTED IN THE THE DC6 HELD IN A LE AT ILLOOO FEET WITH WILL DEPARTED FOR SYDNEY	(delete as required LHOLDING. OVER. SPACETRACKING) UPTO AND INCLUDING E REPORT BY OBSERVER. SIFIVE NAUTICAL MILE PATTERN HITE LIGHTING ON AND
• • • • • •	34 50 N (Unit)	18 APR 1974
Inv	.H.K.TREVETHEN(Name of vestigating Officer)	(Rank)

AUS - RTC 4

PROHIBITED RESTRICTED & DANGER AREAS

3 JAN 1974 WHEN USED INTERNATIONALLY, THE IDENT. SPECIFIED BELOW SHOULD BE PRECEDED BY AN FIR IDENTIFIER, AS FOLLOWS:

ADELAIDE FIR – AA, BRISBANE FIR – AB, COCOS FIR – AC, DARWIN FIR – AD, LAUNCESTON FIR – AL, MELBOURNE FIR – AM,
PERTH FIR – AP, PORT HEDLAND FIR – AH, PORT MORESBY FIR – AY, SYDNEY FIR – AS, TOWNSVILLE FIR – AT.

IDENT	VERTICAL LIMITS	HOURS	AUTH- ORITY	ACTIVITY
R424	0-3500	H24	SYDNEY	SPACE TRACKING
R425 R426 R427	0-3600 0-12100 0-5200	H24 NOT AM H24	SUPPLY SUPPLY SUPPLY	RADIATION HAZARD SPACE TRACKING RADIATION HAZARD

IDE	NT	VERTICAL LIMIT\$	HOURS	AUTH- ORITY	ACTIVITY	
R428 R430 R433 R434 D435 D442	NO FL 700	13700 TAM 180-FL600 00-FL600 4000 4000 6000	NOTAM NOTAM H24 H24 H24 H24 H24	SUPPLY ARMY RAAF RAAF RAAF RAAF	SPACE TRACKING FIRING FLYING TRAINING FLYING TRAINING FLYING TRAINING HELICOPTER TRAINING	

⁺ New or revised data

COMMUNICATIONS

SERVICES

ALL FREQUENCIES H24 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

ALL FREQUENCIES ALLOCATED FOR CONTROLLED AIRSPACE OPERATION AND SURFACE MOVEMENT CONTROL ARE MANDATORY. (AND 20.8)

STATION & SERVICE	CALL SIGN	FREQ.	REMARKS
ANBERRA APP	CANBERRA APPROACH	124.5 335.6	
DEP	CANBERRA DEPARTURES	125.9	

	STATION & SERVICE	CALL	FREQ.	REMARKS
+	CANBERRA (CONT'D) TWR	CANBERRA TOWER	118.7 121.7# 243.0* 257.8 263 Ø	# SMC * EMERGENCY FREQUENCY GUARDED - NO STANDBY EQUIPMENT. Ø VOICE AVBL ON NDB FOR EMERGENCY USE.
	ATIS	CANB ERRA	114.5	BROADCAST ON VOR AND NOB.

+ New or revised data

RADIONAVIGATION AIDS - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

: SPECIAL LIMITATIONS ON USE OF AN AID

AVAILABILITY OF AN AID WHERE NOT H24.

DETAILS OF :

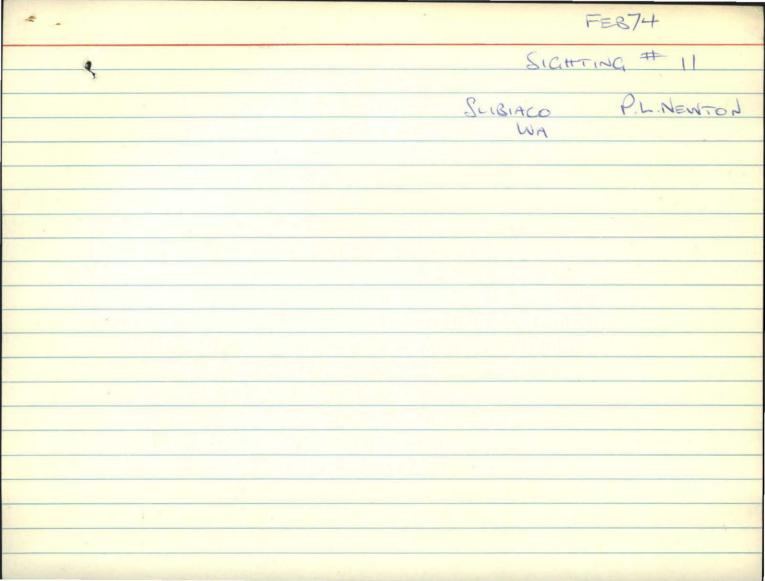
POSITION, WHERE NOT WITHIN .3NM OF AN AERODROME.

SEE COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES PANEL FOR UDF VDF AND RADAR DETAILS.

CANB ERRA	VOR	TO FIELD 178° 1.3 NM. RADIALS 038 AND 050 NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION: (1) OUTSIDE 50 NM CB. (2) BELOW DME ARRIVAL STEPS (3) BELOW THE LINE JOINING BEGINNING OF DME ARRIVAL STEPS AND 50 NM/14,000 FT. VOICE USED FOR ATIS.
Ten S	NDB	VOICE USED FOR ATTS. VOICE AVBL FOR EMERGENCY USE.
	DME	To FIELD 159° 4.1 NM.
1 9 B	L	(CCK) TO FIELD 350° 9.6 NM. ALIGNED RWY 35
		(HSK) TO FIELD 350° 2.0 NM. ALIGNED RWY 35
31 1	ILS	(ICB) FOR RWY 15. SEE AIP/IAL.
14.23	TACAN	WEAK RECEPTION DUE TERRAIN SHIELDING MAY BE EXPERIENCED BELOW 8000 FT OUTSIDE 25 NM.

WEE JASPER	VOR DME	35.15.45S 148.40.04E.
	NDB(T)	35.15.36S 148.39.43E.
WILLIAMS- DALE	DME VORØ	35.33.55S 149.10.39E. Ø SCALLOPING MAY BE EXPERIENCED IN SOME SECTORS. 230° RADIAL NOT AVBL FOR NAVIGATION BELOW 10,000 FT.
7-14	NDB(T)	35.33.485 149.10.41E.
YASS	NDB DME	34.49.495 149.02.33E. PILOT MONITORED
GOULBURN	NDB(T)	PILOT MONITORED.

⁺ New or revised data



A273 - MEMORANDUM Stock No 7530-66-052-8064 May 72 DATE 3JUN7 REFERENCES FROM FILE TO HOPEA OFF SUBJECT SIGHTINGS letter to Mr. P.L. Newton APPOINTMENT PHONE NO 2405

Royal Australian Air Force

580/1/1 Pt 35 (11a) 3 OMAY 1974

Mr P. L. Newton, 129 Railway Road, DAGLISH, PERTH. W.A. 6008.

Dear Sir,

Your report of unusual aerial sightings in the Daglish, Subiaco and Shenton Park suburbs of Perth has been received. From the information supplied in your report, however, we regret that we are unable to offer an explanation for these alleged sightings.

To allay any fears you may have regarding extra-terrestrial life forms visiting Earth, United States and Soviet space exploration has found no evidence to support the theory of life on planets in our solar system. The Mariner series of space explorations appear to have proved that Mars is a 'dead' planet. The only other source of extra-terrestrial life, therefore, would have to be in another solar system. Alpha Centauri is the closest visible star to Earth and is about 25 million million miles away. Even if other life forms existed on this star and were capable of space travel at the speed currently known to man i.e. about 25,000 m.p.h. they would take about 115,000 years to reach Earth. Consequently, the probability of extra-terrestrial life forms visiting Earth is extremely remote.

You may also be interested in the results of investigations by the Royal Australian Air Force of unusual aerial sightings. Between January 1960 and December 1972 623 reports were received. 93 percent were explainable by present scientific knowledge, six percent did not provide sufficient information to permit proper analysis and evaluation and one percent were attributed to unknown causes. Results of investigations in the United States and Britain are similar to our own.

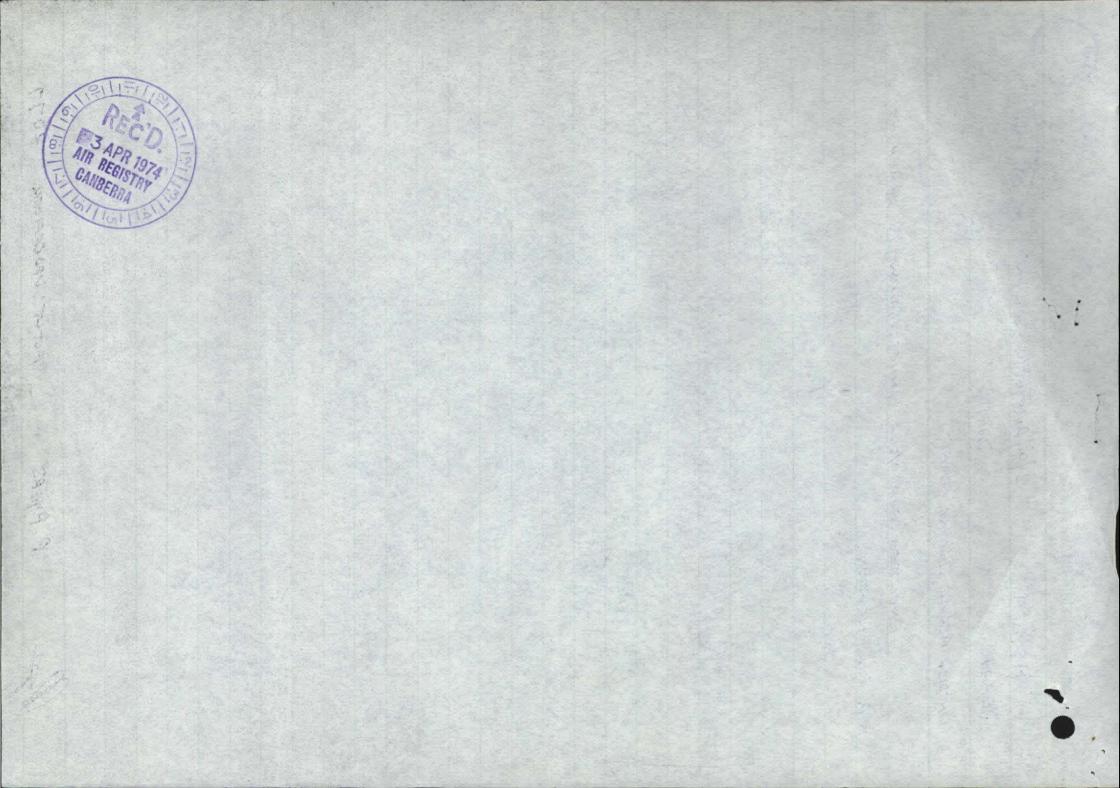
We trust that information is of interest to you and we thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS)
Director of Public Relations

Japan Janary

Royal Australian Air Ford A273'— MEMORANDU ay 72 Stock No 7			(Poulo)
TO DETAIL	FILE S 9 AIRP ATTENTION DAFI	6(30) DATE 28 MARY	PET DAFI 3.70 O
DAFI DEFAIR SUBJECT			A 580-1-1. H
UNUSUAL AFRIAL S	ISHTING REPORT		AIR OFFIC
		INVESTIGATION .	IS A REPORT BY
MR P.L. NEWTO	W .		
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AND THE PERSON		展为一种	
		THE PARTY OF THE P	
~^#			
SIGNATURE	R. PYIZRS	FLTCT UFO OF	FHORE 2077



INVESTIGATING OFFICER'S REPORT A visit to Mr Newton was made on 19th March 1974. He was not home at the time of calling but I was able to talk to his landlord. 2. His landlord said he was very unreliable and was possible not fully in control of his mind. He also said that Mr Newton had read a number of books on UFO's. From Mr Newton's description of the object seen it could have been an aircraft.

HQPEA

28MAR74

R.J PYERS

Flight Lieutenant Investigating Officer

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer MR. PAUL LAURENCE NEWTON Age 26
2.	Address of Observer 129 RAILWAY RD DAGLISH
3.	Occupation of Observer
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. FORGET DATE NOW [IN FEB.] DAGUSH How certain is the date? UNCERTIAN SUBJACO
	How accurate is the time of start?FAIRLYACCURATE SHENTON
5.	Juration of Observation
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting!N
	How familiar is observer with this locality?VERYFRM.AJAR
7.	Weather conditions at time of observationVERYCALM
	Company Opin
8,	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation\$1784PAIR.
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings WALKINGTOWARDS
	SUBIACO SHOPPING CENTRE
	b. Angle of elevationTO. COMPLICATED TO ANSWER NOT SURE
	c. Compass angle bearing
10.	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	what lifst attracted observer's attention?
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? ABOUT. THREE.
	in what formation were they? A. BIT. CHANGEABLE. THREE TRIANGULAR SHAPED. LIGHTS.
	/ 12. What was

12.	What was the colour of the light or object? MRINLY . RED. LIGHT CHANGE ABLE TO WHITE AND ANOTHER
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yerds)
	ONE MAIN RED LIGHT THAT FLASHED ON AND OF.
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or MoonNOTASBRIGHTORBIG.AS Moon b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches
	from eyes)ABoutT.WICEOR. THREE. TIMESAS BIG AS A FOOTBALL.
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
	NOT SURE HOW TO ANSWER.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? MY OWN THEORY SOME FOR
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity NO. KIND OF PNY SOUND.
	••••••••••••••••••
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
	ABOUT TO FEET FROM . THE GROUND
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances!
	CANTIONICYANDShOWAYONCE
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres .IT. CAN. MAYE. ALONG. AND THEN REVERSE AND GO BACK THE WAY IT CAME.
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenNO. EXHAUST OR. VAPOUR [IM PLMOST SURE]
23.	Where was object last observed? : [WHEN IT CHASED ME]
	a. relative to your surroundings . COMING . BACK FROM SUBIACO.
	h. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
	OF ME WHEN I RAN IT HOVERED IN
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	NO THE THING NEVER MAKES ANY
	INDICATION THAT IT IS GOING TO LAND
	NOT SURE ABOUT THE OTHER THINGS.
	/ 26. State any

26.	State any training which enables observe of his/her ability to estimate angles an	r to be reasonably certain d angular velocity.
	NONE	••••••
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?	ONLY ME
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sigh	tings in the area?
	No	
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) wyour observation?	ould be nearest to explaining
	.A. TRAINER PLANE BUT	THAT CANT GO NEARLY STATIONAR
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding THE THING CAN STOP NEARLY WATCHING ME AND FOLLOWING Please sketch the light/object with all sketch position and/or movement of object surroundings. Use back of form if need	details. If appropriate, Subject to relation to your DAGLSH OR SHENTON PAGE.
@	SOMETIMES I MIGHT	NOT SEE IT FOR AWHILE.
00172	TIMES RED LIGHTS	REO LIGHT THAT
BE I	IS SHAPE. MIGHT O- BIT CLOSER TOGETHER.	FLASHES ON AND OF
7	- BIT CLOSER TOGETHER	YOU MIGHT SAY IT
	The state of the s	COULD BE A - PLANE BUT

000

SOMETIMES GOES TO THIS SHAPE.

WHITE, RED AND SOME OTHER

COLOUR I THINK PURPLE BUT

CAN'T BE TO SURE.

CAN'T SEE OUTLINE OF

FLYING SAUCER.

IT'S ALMOST STATIONARY



Signature Paul L. Newton.

Date. 19. 3. 74.

10 MAR74 SIGHTING # 10 MEEKATHARRA R.T. HOLLINGSHEAD WA

Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMORANDUM

No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Designation, Name of Street, Name	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	7530-66-052-8064		· · DATE	T DEEEDENICE	c
FRO	DEFAIR	580	111,0120	(105) DATE	74 REFERENCE	
то	DEFAIR	000	ATTENTION	LAINE STED		
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000	ters le	on De	1	sart me	1 0=	Mr. R.E.
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SIGNATURE	1	NAME		RANK	APPOINTMENT	PHONE NO
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	Medel	I UNE	1 100	Laket	1R2	2-00

580/1/1 Pt 35 (10a) 2 0 MAY 1974

Mr R. T. Hollingshead, P.O. Box 71, MEEKATHARRA, W.A. 6642.

Dear Sir.

Your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 10th March, 1974 has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable cause was a satellite.

Of the 3,096 man-made objects currently in space, sighting predictions are issued only for long-lived satellites of optimum visible magnitude over major centres of population. Consequently, details of possible satellite sightings over the Meekatharra area are not available. The description in your report, however, is consistent with other reports of satellite sightings.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

G. g. olgen

freham 14

Royal Australian Air Force LOGGED A273 - MEMORANDUM LOGGED May 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-8064 DATE REFERENCES HOPEA 2APR74 DAFI DEFAIR SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS your investigation. ATT. APPOINTMENT PHONE NO R. PYERS FUTET UFO OFFICER

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

100 Para 26:24

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer R. T. HOLLINGSHEADAge
2.	Address of Observer Po. 60x 7/
2.	MEEKATHARRA . W.A. Phone Number WORK MEEKA 50
3.	Occupation of Observer METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVER
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 10th march 1974 / 1920 w.s.
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start?/00.70
5.	Duration of Observation
	How accurate is your estimate? Excellent
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. MEEKATHARRA
0.	AERODROME.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?VERY GOOD
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation PISTANT. SHOWERS
	TE CUMULONIMBUS CLOUD 7000 ft. & Altocumulus 14,000'
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	PILOT BALLOON THEODOLITE.
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings/NTHE.SKY
	b. Angle of elevation 2.Q
	c. Compass angle bearing220°
	d. How accurate are these estimates? EXCELLENT:
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Doing Balloon Flight
	STARTING TRACKING HIGHT THOUGHT TO BE BALLOON.
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there?
	o. in what formation were they?

12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	STAR LIGHT.
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon APRROXIMALETELY. STAR SIZE
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches
	from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? 220 PILOT BALLOON THEODOLITE.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? 80 FIRST SEEN LOST AT 20
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	UNKNOWN
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen

23.	Where was object last observed? :
	a. relative to your surroundings INTO. Ac. CLOUD. 14 000
	h. angle of elevation20
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?!NTO. CHOUD
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	No

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
	METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVER COURSE (USE OF P.B. THEODOLITE)
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? MYSELF ONLY
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	No
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
	MMA JET PASSING OVERHEAD BUT RULED OUT BY FLIGHT SERVICE OFFICER ON DUTY AT TI
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your
	surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
	N 2 Ac 14000
	A BEHIND
	LOST ABOVE CLOUP
	ELEVATION 20°
	1
	O OBSERVER }
	1
	1000)
	220° AZINUTH 3 Cb 7000
	80° ELEVATION
	Our re
Signa	ture. K. Hollingshead. Date. 25-3-74

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. UFO	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrs
33. IIFO	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported position at the time: A/C type
010	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading T.
	Height
	A/C type(1)(2)(3) Heading
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA. Observer's Location: Latitude26.355Longitude
340	Observer's Location: LatitudeLongitude
35. that	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
36/	A meteorological balloon was released from .MEEKATHARRA. AERODROME. atZ. Colour. WHITE Weight
	Radie sonde **/ radar **: Candle **/ battery** (** Delete as
	required.)
	General wind profile SOUTHERLY WINDS. AT 3000 Metres Maximum height tracked. 10,000 ft at
	Was it known to have burst? NO
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	atft, measured at
	station.
38. etc	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites relevant to the sighting.
	NIL LISTED AT THISTIME

39. When identified as possible aircraft, include and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were open. NIL AIRCRAFT. AT. TIME. OF	rating.
40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting edetermined.	*/cannot" be
41. The object reported probably was * / may have (delete	been* e as required)
AN UNHSTED SATELOTE	
Hapea (Unit) R-R-J- PHERS	2APRIL 74 (Date)
(Name of Investigating Officer)	(Rank)

RECEIVED

-

KEUEI	AED	
9 APR 74 0	0 0 0	Relation of Association (Inc.)
UERIHAL A	EGISTAT	50 F 80 W 0 F 1 W 0 F 1 F 1 F 1 F 1 F 1 F 1 F 1 F 1 F 1 F
	Che Tonco van Line	
	Care de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la	
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
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WFEB74 SIGHTING # 9 PAYMES FIND MRS C.E.COX

580/1/1 Pt 35 (9a)

13 JUN 1974

Mrs C. E. Cox, 52 Dorchester Avenue, WARWICK, W.A.

Dear Mrs Cox,

Your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 12th February, 1974 has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable cause was the planet Venus.

When initially sighted Venus would have been visible, with a magnitude of -4, on the eastern horizon and gradually rose to an elevation of about 20 when finally sighted. The apparent movement and colours associated with the planet, which have been the subject of similar reports recently, were probably caused by atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully.

(G. J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

shart Nort sent to Horse A

RECEIVED

8 15 MIGS

DELT. OF DEFENCE CENTRAL REGISTRY

THE PARTY OF THE P

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

PART 1 - REPORT BY OBSERVER

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer CHERYL ANNE COX Age 24
2.	Address of Observer 52 DORCHESTER AVENUE, WARWICK Gody
	Phone No 474896
3.	Occupation of Observer TRAINED NURSE, HOUSEWIFE
4.	Date & Time of start of Observation 12-2-74 2.45 am.
	How certain is the date? Positive.
	How accurate is the time of start? appRoximaTE
5.	Duration of the observation From 2.45am. to 20 mins AFTER SUNRI
	How accurate is your estimate? APPROXIMATE
6.	Observers' location at the time of sighting APPROXIMATELY
	PAYNES FIND, FROM WUSIN) How familiar is the observer with this locality? ROMP. PRICE.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation .COOL .CLCAR WINDLESS
	NIGHT
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	KODAK INSTAMATIC CAMERA
9.	Where was object first observed?
	a. Relative to your surroundings APPROX. Smiles to my
	RIGHT (QUE EAST)
	b. Angle of elevation FRom Mout 10-150
	c. Compass angle bearing NOT. CONVERSANT
	d. How accurate are these estimates? APPROXIMATE
10.	What first attracted observers attention? a light like a
	were no street lights

wasn't imagined. Both my brother and myself felt a peculiar sinsation of being natched, and felt very cold, altho my 3 y old daughter, who anoke the not have a pumper on, + said she wasn't cold. Some of the questions I did not understand, or know how to answer, so the answers may not be what was asked. I have enciosed the negatives - no's 11 x R that were taken of the light. b. a. lest arrana de la capación

C1.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? ONE
	b. In what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? BRIGHT YELLOW WITH
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance; eg ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	FROM SIZE OF STREET LIGHT, to SIZE OF FULL MOON
14.	What was the apparent size of the nearest approach?
	a. Relative to Venus or Moon Old not see moon, but about.
1	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from eyes) ABout 38 "
	7.00078
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at the nearest approach and how these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? YES, appeared to be spenn
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NO Sound
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
	1° -15°
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at a stated distances
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases about 6:15 and did not and high in sky han 15 Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail or exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was objects last observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings 20 miles rothy Paynes find -
	b. angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing

a red elepelical ring was visable (the red glow nas like the red of an eliment on an electric slove) from one and came a large yellow light, with green lips, in a fow shaped are, above and below, from a centre point within the red ring — If the yellow light was sun first at one and of the ring, then moved towards the centre, then to the other and, & so, on, as if it was spinning on an axis first on summer we decided to go on, and at summer the light was approximately to fother ! Proth of due east the continued to natch the light, which got further seemed up us, and smaller, until after about to munitis often summer, we could no longer see it.

The light made the stars around it sum very small, pale, and insignificant. It appeared to be at the bottom of the necky way, and I done seemember suring a moon that night.

with swithout the engine going, and could puch up sweal Porth commercial radio stations very clearly to I have no car aerial I don't know if this is unusual, or if it may be related or not, but I can't usually get any reciption on the tadio, for out of Perth.

exaggnated what I saw, but I honestly ful that I what I have described is not exaggnated, and

	124.	What was the manner of its disappearance? Gradually became
		smaller and faded anony
	25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
		Two photographs taken, but dedn't turn out.
	med.	in nave handster I radio, no car asser acrial.
	26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
	-	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	27.	How many witness to the sighting? 3. mchang sef.
	28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area
	29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
		a full moon, or moon risk
	30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
		after reaching approx 150 light draws use
	31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, school sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
	10	
BRIGHT	- ZN	RED, GLOWING BRIGHT YELLOW
YELLOW	3	Light
GREEN!	7	GREEN
TIPS	TIM	LIGHT AS VIEWED
	VV	LIGHT AS SEENWITH THRO' BACK OF CAMERA.
	Signature	6.6 664 Date 12-3.74
		JENOW WIND (3) PED, GLOWING
	(2)	RED WING YELLOW YELLOW
ROTAL STATE		TIPS 7
		TIPS

I have lived in Mukathan a district for 2 to years, and sun many strange rights oit V. mght, but neva sefore bun furghtened. I wisit Mukathania by car, quite often On the night of Monday 11th Lebrusony 1914 I was traveiling to Mukathana with my 16 year old brother, and I body daughters. He passed an oncoming car about 10 miles out of waken, and then saw no other traffice until almost to Mit magnet. I fust med noticed a light like a staut light, through the trees, about 2:45 am It rose quickly to about 150 from hongon, & appeared to use shought up like a helicopta at This stage we were about 30 -40 miles from Paynes Find, from Wubin. The light him appeared to stay with us, to he east or sughtly north east, and I would estimate ex ax about 5-15 miles oway, and to be the suge of a full moon, with a large glow around it. We stopped at Payres Find and anoke a noman who had a look at it, I then went back to bed. be decided to go on, & when I tuned the car headlights on, he gion of the light immediately dropped to about to the & size, and then revented to full size when he can headlights were turned off. We were quete frightened at this stage, and stayed at Payres Imd, natching the light, until sunrise we took two photos of the light, which didn't turn out, of for an unknown reason, hunned the came around and looked at the light this' the back of the camera. The glow disappreared, and

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. UFO posi	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported tion at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. UFO posit	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported tion at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 29.25'S. Longitude !!7.15'E.
35. in that p	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were osition of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
	NENUS ROSE AT 0400 AM AZ 1150 AT 0700 AM AZ 0850 EL
36.	A meteorological baloon was released from .SFRALDTON
	at .1600 Z. Colour Weight 100
	Radio-sonde **/ radar**: Candle **/ battery** (** Delete as
	General wind profile .14/32 .17/2 .15/2 required.)
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of3°C
	at .55.6.0ft, measured at
	station.
38. meteorites	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, etc relevant to the sighting.

39. When identified as possible aircraft, include radar trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating.
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/commet* be determined.
41. The object reported probably ver /may have been* (delete as required)
VENUS REFRACTED THROUGH UNDER THE
AZ MRS COX WAS INTERVIEWED AND AND AND TO BE A SENSIBLE AND INTELLIGENT PERSON.
43. HER MENTION OF THE OBJECT BEING 1° NORTH OF EAST
MAS GAUGED BY THE OBJECT JUST NORTH OF THE SUN WHEN IT ROSE.
AA. THE PHOTOS SHE TOOK WERE COMPRETELY BLANK
(Unit) OIAPR 74 (Date)
R. PVERS FOR (Name of Investigating Officer) (Rank)

21 MAR 74 SIGHTING #8 BEDFOR PARK R.E. DEAR

580/1/1 Pt 35(8a)

2 0 MAY 1974

Mr R. E. Dear, 103 The Strand, Bedford Park, PERTH, W.A. 6052.

Dear Sir,

Your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 21st March, 1974 has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable cause was an aircraft.

At 11.16 p.m. on the day of the sighting a South African Airlines Boeing 707 landed at Perth airport. Approach to the airport was from the north-east for landing on the runway aligned north-east to south-west. The lights sighted by you would have been the aircraft's landing lights which could be intermittently obscured from view as the aircraft manoeuvred for landing. A temperature inversion of 3°C at surface level could cause the apparent discolouration of the lights.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

terlation 14

FIGTS PYERS.

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer MR KE AEAR Age 46		
	103 THE STRAND		
2.	Address of Observer. 103 THE STRAND BEDFORD PARK. Phone Number. 7/8079		
	Occupation of Observer. MECHANICAL FITTER		
3.			
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 21 MAR 74 200		
	HOW CELEGIHI IS DIE UCLUSION CONTROL OF CONT		
	How accurate is the time of start? £571M47€.		
5.	Duration of Observation		
	How accurate is your estimate?		
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. MORLEY ItiCA Scarco.		
	How familiar is observer with this locality? FAMIL!ARC		
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation FINE NIC CLOUD.		

8,	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation		
+	***************************************		
9.	Where was object first observed?:		
	a. Relative to your surroundings		
	1670		
	b. Angle of elevation		
	c. Compass angle bearing		
	d. How accurate are these estimates?		
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? FIRST THOUGHT ASTAR.		
	What first attracted observer's attention? FIRST THOUGHT A STAR. THEN OBSERVED AGAINST A STATIONERY DISTECT.		
11.	If there was more than one light/object:		
	a. How many were there? FILST ONE THEN TWO ONE TWO ETC		
	in what formation were they? ONE BETHN & THE OTHER		

	12.	What was the colour of the light or object? . YELOS /ORANGE.
*	13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards) FOLL MOON / PILS 47 INC.
	14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?: a. relative to Venus or Moon. A BIT BICCER THAN MOENING VEN
		b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches from eyes)
	15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
	16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
	17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? CONSTIGNT THE APPROACHING PH AMERICAT THEN
	19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. His At A Compare of the second of th
	20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
	21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
	22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen N'L SICHTED
	23.	Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundings $5 \in 8-10 \text{NM}$ APPROX. b. angle of elevation $5 \circ 400 \text{N}$. c. compass angle bearing.
	24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? DISAPPEARED BEITHD OBJECT (SAND 1402).
	25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism of radioactivity, etc)
		N1

26	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.

27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? INTERIOR FLOM ANY OTHER SECUTIVE
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your

Signature TAKEN OVERPHONE BY O.O. Date DIMMIN

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

J2. UFO	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
33. UFO	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported position at the time:
	A/C type
	Heading making approach T. ?
	Height
	Speed. J. P.ALK
	ATD/ATA* 3315hrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 31.5.5. Longitude
35. tha	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in t position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
	xln
36/	A meteorological balloon was released from GULDFORD
	at 211100 Z. Colour. WHITE Weight
	Radio-sonde **/ radar **: Cardle **/ battery** (** Delete as
	2 -0' 2000' 5000' bood required.)
	General wind profile
	General wind profile
	Was it known to have burst? YES
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C
	at 211100 Z hrs from . GFD
	station.
38. etc	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites relevant to the sighting.
	NIL

*			¥.
	When identified as pessible aircretain which of the aircraft light	nts were operating.	× * * *
		······	••••••
	••••••••		******
40. determ	The cause (or likely cause) of thined.	ne sighting can */cannot" be	
41.	The object reported probably was	* / may have been* (delete as required)	
	THE SAA 707		*******
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	HOSEA	OI APRIY	
	(Unit)	(Date)	
	R. PYERS	FLTLT	
	(Name of Investigating Officer)	(Rank)	

10 MAR 74 SIGHTING # 7 YEA - BONNIE DOON L. STREMBICKYJ

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM 580 1 1 A 35 (75) 19JUN74 HOSC 561AR(H) DEFAIR OF 25 MAR74 HOSC CINTELLO SUBJECT REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS relosed for your re FAChosure: Copy of letter to Mr L. Strembicky PHONE NO APPOINTMENT M. CRETTON 2408 FLGREF

580/1/1 Pt 35(7a) 13 JUN 1974 Mr L. Strembickyj, 6 Coleman Court, DANDENONG, VIC. 3175. Dear Sir, Your report of an unusual aerial sighting has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable cause was the planet Venus. At the start of the sighting Venus would have been visible to you with a magnitude of -4.3 at an elevation of about 15° on an azimuth of about 950. A phenomena known as atmospheric scintillation caused by changes in atmospheric density is thought to have produced the fluctuations in brightness, position and colour of the planet. These fluctuations are also more evident when light sources such as Venus are low on the horizon. We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report. Yours faithfully, (G. J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMORANDUM			(0.00)
May 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-8 FROM HQSC TO DAFI DEFAIR	5/6/1/AIF (42) ATTENTION DAFI 12.2	DATE 25MAR74 REFER	DAFI 20 374
SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL 310			CAIR OF THE
Approximately and the second s		it from Mc	L STREMBICKY
SIGNATURE R.O.	GIBBS FANK	APPOINTMEN THE	

(4年(211年) 必当られ TO THE M MON TREET REC'D.
27 MAR 1974
CANBERRA 101110 STATE OF THE PARTY OF

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1

REPORT OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING 20 MAR Part 1 - Report by Observer

	OTTO!
1.	Name of observer LEON STREMBICKYT Age 29
	Address 6 Coleman CRT
	JANDENONS State VIC Postcode 3175
	Occupation ELECTED PLATER MRIGHTCEL /
	Phone (home) 795 2909 (business) 201253 Ext(13)
2.	Exact location of observer FROM YEA TO BONNIE
	Door
3.	Start of observation: Date 10/3/74 Time 3.15 am/
	End of observation: Date 10/3/74 Time 4.15 am/
4.	Accuracy of dateTimes
5.	Weather conditions at time of observation, referring - 4 3 to cloud, wind, visibility etc Cloudy AND STILL
	VISIBILITY GOOD NO RAIN IN AREA MOON BRIGHT.
6.	In what direction was the sighting first observed?
	At what angle to the horizon?
	You 8=00
7.	In what direction was the sighting last observed?
	55°
	At what angle to the horizon? 1900, 450
	You de00 Horizon
8.	Estimate of distance and/or altitude from observer
	APPROX 500 MTS APPROXALT 150 MTS
9.	Describe (overleaf) the object(s)/light(s) in your own

words, referring to the number, colour, size, shape, brightness (relative to full moon/star), movement, sound, speed, method of propulsion, manner of disappearance and any other unusual features. If possible provide sketch.

/9. (cont'd)

A SINGLE LIGHT, BRIGHTER THAN STAR

A WHITE LIGHT CHANGING TO YELLOWISH WHITE

THE OBJECT MADE NO SOUND AND MOVED VERY FAST

THE METHOD OF PROPULSION IS UNKNOWN AND THE

MANNER OF DISAPPEARANCE WAS. THAT THE OBJECT

RECCEDED VERY QUICKLY FROM THE SIZE OF THE

NEW MOON, TO THE SIZE OF A SMALL STAR.

Have you any photographs of the sighting, or is there any physical evidence of fragments, scorching or ground indentations?

OBJECT MADE, DO ATTEMPT

TO LAUD. STOPPED STRUODARY MOUED UP

AND DOWN

11. How many other witnesses to the sighting? (Please provide names and addresses if possible)

LACK KEATING 29 ALWYN ST MITCHAM

RUBEN NIEVAS ENTERPRIZE HOSTEL WESTAL RD SORINGUALE

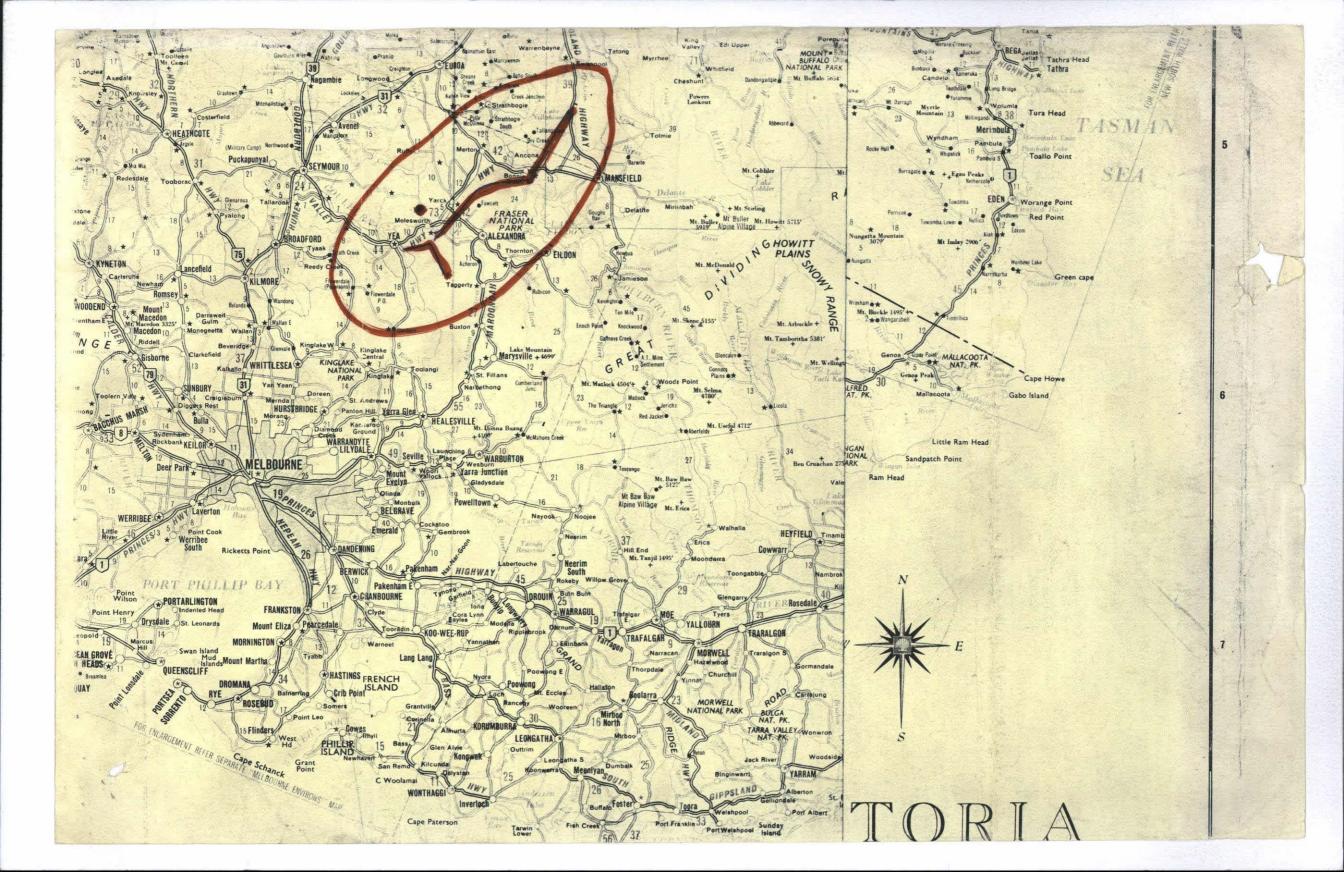
12. Any additional comments you wish to make.

WE STOPPED THREE TIMES TO HAVE A GOOD LOOCK EACH TIME OBJECT ACCELERATED AWAY AT TREMENDOUS SPEED. LAST SIGHTED HEADING APPROX NORTH EAST.

THIS OBJECT WAS IN OUR RANGE OF VISION FOR ONE HOUR OBSERVED BY THE THREE OF US.

Date 19-3-74

Signature Low ten log



Part 2 - Unit Report

1. a. Details of military aircraft in the area at the time of sighting.

Туре	Heading	Height	Speed	Departed from	CTA	Destination	ATA
	NII	1. 9					

Source of information

b. Details of civil aircraft activity, including light private aircraft and international flights, in the area at the time of the sighting.

Type	Heading	Height	Speed	Departed from	ATD	Destination	ATA
	deficult	toon	sount	as ve	ry	dose to 8	Mon
	Patt	84-M	L.		0		

Source of information

2.	or major	stars the	elevation at were in				
	the time	of the si	ighting.	Venus	ab4	50° 9 40	o EL
			and control and the second deposition of the s	Jupiter	just -	borabove	lor

Source of information Uca almanae

 Details of any predicted satellites, rockets, comets or meteorite activity in the area at time of the sighting.

> Mil on Visible Satellite Passe Bulletin

Source of information

4.	Details of any meteorological, research or radar balloons known to have been in the area at the time of sighting (refer to point of release, size, colour, ROC, wind profile and whether it was known to have burst)
	Source of information
5.	Details of any unusual radar traces or images which may relate to the sightings, as recorded by military or civil networks
	Source of information
6.	Provide the following information relating to the weather and atmospheric conditions at the time of the sighting:
	Temperature (dry bulb) 18 °C (wet bulb) 18 °C Relative Humidity 100 %
	Cloud Cover ofensi ofstery type CIRRUS/ STRATUS
	Temperature inversion of 0.2 °C at 1000 ft measured at
	from Rubicon 0300 hrs
	Wind direction 010/6 at 3000 ft
	250/4 at 5000 ft
	360/6 at 10000 ft
	340/8 at 15000.ft
	Pollution level
7.	Details of terrain and natural and/or man-made features in the area (Attach map with significant points marked, if possible

Part 3 - Investigating Officer's Evaluation

1.	a. Date of interview 25 MAR
	b. Place of interview Phoned observer at his place of work
2.	Names and addresses of persons interviewed (include phone numbers where applicable)
	1. Sound rational intelligent sudipragmatic
	individual 110 reason to suspect his
	motives from brief phone conversation.
	3.
3.4	Narrative evaluation of hersonalities of witnesses (include any relationship with UFO organizations and their interest in subject matter). Seen through purdocreen Salon station sedan. When
Aloun	ig down to stop object would appear to dimmish stopped third time object appeared to travel south
to at h	Investigating Officer's evaluation of possible cause(s). ugh speed will compt-like tail.
7	Could have how associated with themes of built
star	seen through windscreen. The temp inversion or of moving mindscreen could be contributory. 3rd sights have been re-entering space junk. Fell It must be optical illusion associated with
b.	Fell It must be optical illusion associated with
mmd	pereen & possibly temp inversion. HOSCY(Unit) R.O.G13BS (Name)
	25MAR74(Date) F14 L4, (Rank)

25 MAR74 SIGHTING # 6 KORUMBURRA LOCAL COUNCIL Vic EMPLOYEE

NNNN

im (LRA251

UU

PH RAYWPP

DE RAYPSL 603 0850058

ZNR UUUUU

P 260050Z MAR 74

FM HOESL

TO RAYQC/HQSC

RAYWPP/DEFAIR

BT

UNCLAS

A366/CFS

PRIORITM

CAN BERRA

MAR 26 01 50274

DAF 1
26/3/74 CD



UNIDENTIFIED AERIAL OBJECT SIGHTED IN KORUMBURRA AREA ON THE
25MAR74 BETWEEN Ø83ØK AND 1ØØØK PD LOCAL COUNCIL ENGINEER OBTAINED
AN ACCURATE ELEVATION AND DESCRIBED THE OBJECT AS A STATIONARY SILVER
BALL TO THE NORTH OF THE TOWN PD THE ABOVE INFORMATION AND DESCRIPTION
EXACTLY MATCHES THE POSITION OF VENUS AT THOSE TIMES PD NO FURTHER
INVESTIGATION IS BEING UNDERTAKEN

BT

27 JAN 74 SIGHTING #5 ESSENDON G.W. TRIPP Vic

May 72 Stock No 7530-66	6-052-8064	是正如此 医沙米克斯曼
DEFAIR	580 1 PASS (S) 20 JUN7	HOSC 5/6/1 AIR
عد	ATTENTION	OF 22 MAR 74
	CINTELLO	01 22 MAK 14
PORTS OF UNU	SUAL AERIAL SIGHTING	
Enclosed	be your is said	1 15 6 600
0 00 0		s, is a copy
a letter le		
s report of	an unusual o	serial sighting
	CALLES AND	
		STREET, MICHAEL ROSE
A SAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PART		
Manager State of the		
ichosure;	Copy of letter to M	1-, C.W. 1 mpp.
PRINCE DESCRIPTION	Ethio Harriston	THE STATE OF THE S
	SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP	

580/1/1 Pt 35(5a)
- 3 JUN 1974

Mr G. W. Tripp, 112 Hedderwick Street, ESSENDON, VIC. 3040.

Dear Sir,

Your report of thusual aerial sightings on 27th January, 1974 has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable causes were a meteorite in the first case and secondly space debris re-entry.

The reason for different explanations of the sightings is because of the direction of travel of the objects sighted. Meteorites can enter the atmosphere from any direction whereas space debris enters from between 180°-360° as satellites are launched to take advantage of the Earth's rotation from west to east.

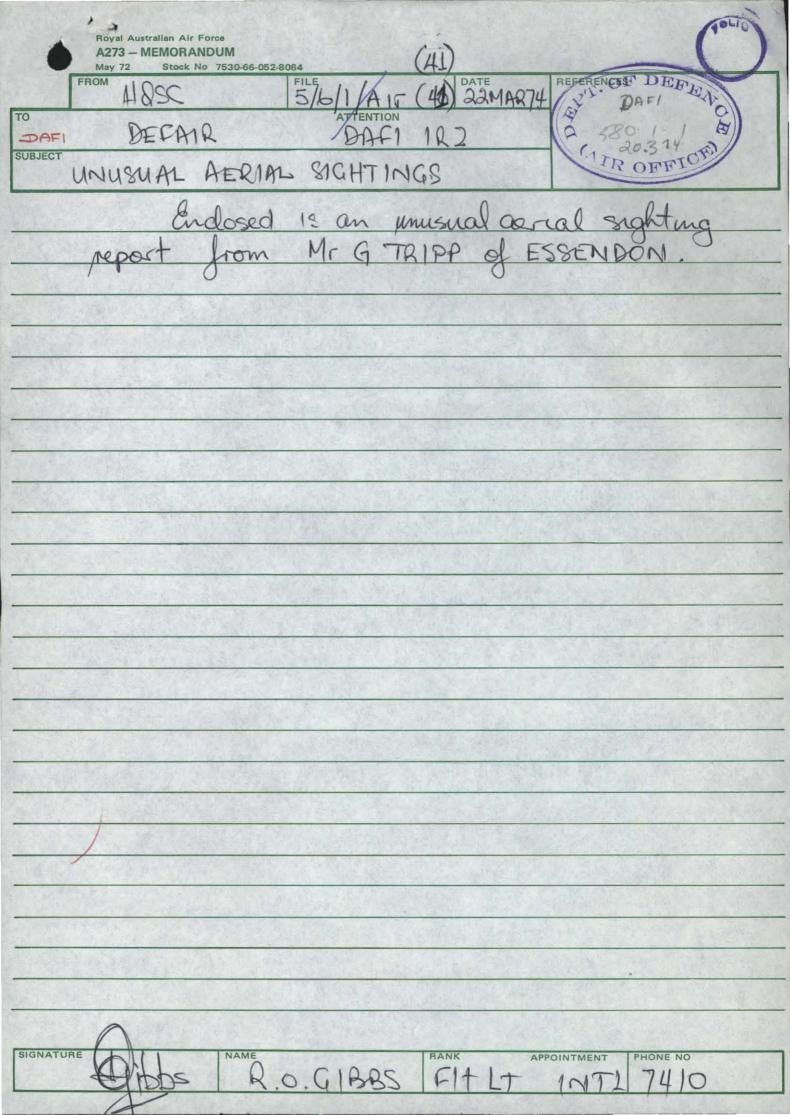
Both meteorites and space debris often break up during entry to the atmosphere thus accounting for the number of objects sighted. The length of time of the sightings is also consistent with meteorites and space debris entering the atmosphere.

We trust that these explanations are satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations



ARROW SAMARY (1) SAMARY (1) SAMARY (1) SAMARY (1) SAMARY (1) ARROW SAMARY ARROWS (1) ARR



REPORT OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

1.	Name of observer GORDON WALTER TRIPP Age 38
	Address 112 HEDDERWICK STREET, ESSENDON
	VICTORIA State Postcode 3040
	Occupation ADVERTISING MANAGER.
	Phone (home) (business) 686911
2.	Exact location of observer BACK GARDEN.
	AT ABOVE RESIDENCE
3.	Start of observation: Date 27. 1. 74 Time 10. 10 am/pm)
	End of observation: Date 27-1-74 Time 10. 20 am/pm Notes
4.	Accuracy of date DATE COPPECT. Times JON TWO SIGHTINGS
5.	Weather conditions at time of observation, referring to cloud, wind, visibility etc
	ABSOLUTELY CLEAR - VISIBILITY EXCELENT
6.	In what direction was the sighting first observed?
	At what angle to the horizon? 900 You 8= -00
7	Horizon
7.	In what direction was the sighting last observed?
	At what angle to the horizon? 1900
	You de00 Horizon
8.	Estimate of distance and/or altitude from observer
9.	Describe (overleaf) the object(s)/light(s) in your own words, referring to the number, colour, size, shape, brightness (relative to full moon/star), movement, sound, speed, method of propulsion, manner of disappearance and any other unusual features. If possible provide sketch.

Lives. If possible provide s.

/9. (cont'd)

FIRST SIGHTING. 27. 1. 74.

TIME 10.10 PM.

ANGLE TO HORIZON 70°

DIRECTION OF TRAVEL NW
NUMBER OF OBJECTS 3

OBLONG IN SHAPE : NO NOISE , OUTLINE COLOUR GREY-BLUE BUT NOT BRIGHT LIGHT CONSTANT.

SECOND SIGHTING 27.1.74 TIME . 10.20 PM.

of objects which appeared to be circular of disc shaped - But at Great Height, traveling very fast. Compared to satalite transit, these objects 50 times as fast. No noise, Formation of V3 with one outrider.

How many other witnesses to the sighting? (Please provide names and addresses if possible)
MRS CHERYL TRIPP
MRS LORNA BYRON
Any additional comments you wish to make.

Date 23. 2. 74

Signature Surarips

Delay with this written report is due to failure of your Department to send these forms after my report sightings. 27.1.74.

SIGHT DESCURED

SIGHT DESCURED

BY HOUSES

V

VERY FAIT AND LOW, IF COMPARED WITH NORMAL HOUSE BLOCK, HEIGHT WOULD BE

8 - 10,000 FT.

3 OBLONG OBTECTS

SIGTED FESENDON, 10-10 PM.
SLINDAY 27th Jan. 74.

TIME LAPSE 10 SECONDS. SUPPOSING UFOS SIZE OF NORMAL AIRCRAFT
THEN ESTIMATED HEIGHT 40 - 50,000 FT. IF LARGER THAN NORMAL AIRCRAFT
AIRCRAFT - THEN UFOS MUST HAVE BEEN BEYOND EARTHS ATMOST
PHERE AND COVERING THE DISTANCE SHOWN MUST HAVE BEEN
TRAVELLING AT TREMENDOUS SPEEDS.

300

4 ROUND DEJECTS SIGTEDD 10-ZOPM ESSEDON, BUNDAY 27th JANUARY 174.

Part 2 - Unit Report

Details of military aircraft in the area at the 1. time of sighting.

Туре	Heading	Height	Speed	Departed from	ATD	Destination	ATA
	NIL						
			9				

Source of information KMF Controlle ML

Details of civil aircraft activity, including light private aircraft and international flights, in the area at the time of the sighting.

VH TJU

27JAN74 2010 TO NW

Туре	Heading	Height	Speed	Departed	ATD	Destination	ATA
No	Essende	- Il	ghts	,			
DCS	L off RY 16	the Ni	0	RY16 ML	2009	34	>

RASS Contolle Source of information

2. Give the bearing, elevation and movement of any planets or major stars that were in that portion of the sky at the time of the sighting.

Source of information

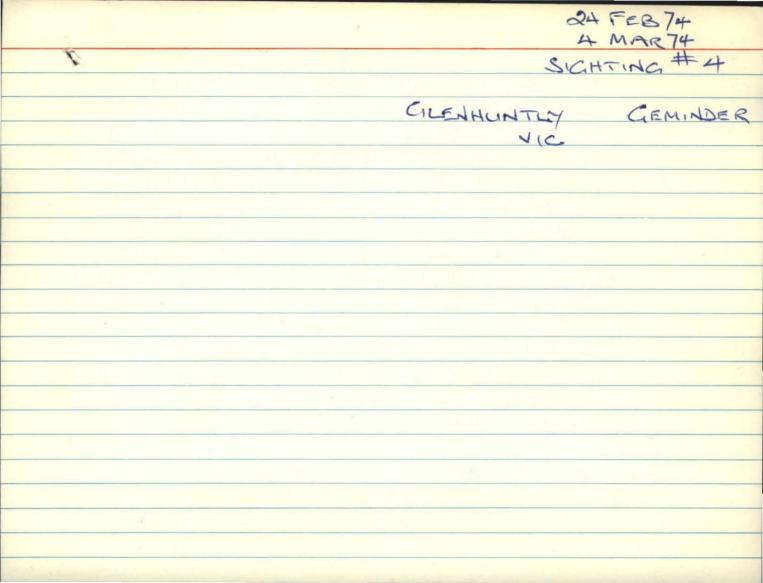
Details of any predicted satellites, rockets, comets or meteorite activity in the area at time of the sighting. 3.

Source of information

	4.	Details of any meteorological, research or radar balloons known to have been in the area at the time of sighting (refer to point of release, size, colour, ROC, wind profile and whether it was known to have burst)
		Source of information
	5.	Details of any unusual radar traces or images which may relate to the sightings, as recorded by military or civil networks
		Source of information
	6.	Provide the following information relating to the weather and atmospheric conditions at the time of the sighting:
27JAN S	2000	Temperature (dry bulb) 32 °C(wet bulb) 19 °C Relative Humidity 45 %
		Cloud Cover 2/8 St Cu 4,000' type
		Temperature inversion of N. oc atft measured at
		from LAV' 2100 hrs
		Wind direction 030°@ 12ktst 3,000 ft
		020 14 at 5 000 ft
		360 14 at 10,000 ft
		010 15 at 15 000 ft
		Pollution level
	7.	Details of terrain and natural and/or man-made features in the area (Attach map with significant points marked, if possible
		and the state of t

Part 3 - Investigating Officer's Evaluation

1.	a. Date of interview		articular is restored
	b. Place of interview		and the State of Stat
2.	Names and addresses of person phone numbers where applicabl		
	1.	2.	
	pedagetha d'aveta et intend anteriule dan de des stret et à années des de des des de des de la des de des de d	Profile the deviate of the section o	
	qualitations) - a partie resource analysis and a resource of profession of a report or report or resource described in the control of the con		
	3 · Marie respectivities from particular and consistence in the constitution of the co		and a warm of the state of the
	material company of the second contraction of the second company o		
			ordere favoir and disposed
3.	Narrative evaluation of perso (include any relationship wit interest in subject matter).		i their
4.	Investigating Officer's evalu	ation of possible caus	e(s).
ignored	although Mr Tripp's stateme specific answers to 26, of noved distance from earth when These answers could ste	nts appear positive however an incorrect weath	e has
and ign	noved distance from earth when	in from his occupation	it satellite
Just 1	No possible cause can be orghting. His so-called tent with re-entering space	second sighting is go e junk.	so-called enerally
	H&SCU (Unit)	R.O. G188S	(Name)
	20MAR74 (Date)	FIT LT	_(Rank)



Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM Stock No 7530-66-052-8064 REFERENCES DEFAIR Endosed for your record, is a copy Mrs Gemunder in repens ENCUSURE: Copy of letter to Mrs Generales APPOINTMENT PHONE NO MY GRETTION FLOOFF 1R.2 2408

580/1/1 Pt 35 (4a) 3 0 MAY 1974

Mrs A. Geminder, 4/195 Grange Road, GLENHUNTLY, VIC. 3163.

Dear Mrs Geminder,

We thank you for the two drawings by your son of unusual aerial sightings on 24th February and 4th March 1974. They have been placed on our files for record purposes.

From the brief description provided with the drawings, the sightings are generally consistent with space debris or meteorites entering the Earth's atmosphere and burning-up.

Thanking you for your interest.

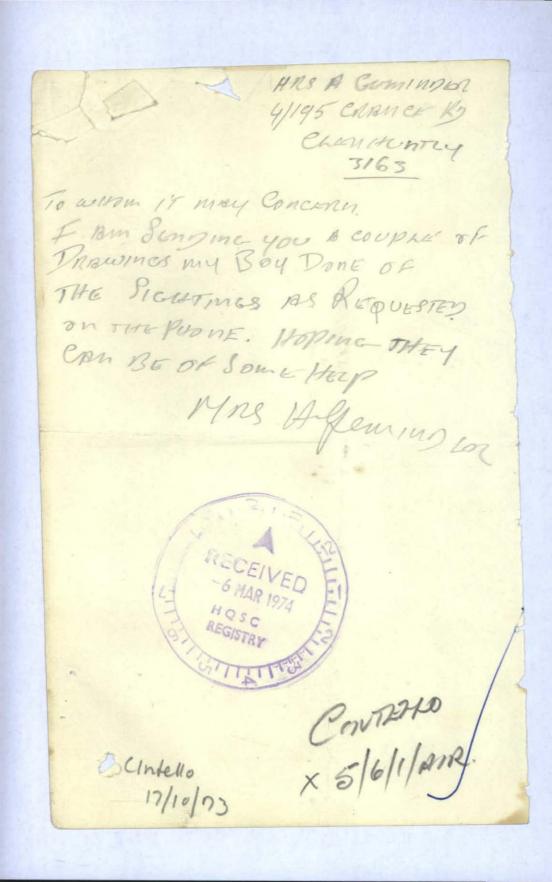
Yours sincerely.

(G. J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM Stock No 7530-66-052-8064 FROM Telecon MTI/3608 19M AR 74 TO DEFAIR DAFI 1R2 SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING derewith sighting as discussed at Reference Parts I and 2 will be completed you require same SIGNATURE PHONE NO

INITIAL UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING REPORT

1.	Name of Observer: MR.S G.E.MINDER.,
2.	Address of Observer: 4/195. GRANGE. ROPP.
	GLENHUNTLY VICTORIA Phone . 5.87477 (after 5 PM)
3.	Date and time of start of observations:
	2140 LOCAL 24 FEB 74 / 2110 LOCAL 4 MAR74
4.	Duration of observation: . PPPROX 20.5EC. J. PPPROX. 30 SEC.
5.	Observer s location at time of sighting:
	AS . ABOVE (AT . BOTH SIGHTINGS)
6.	Brief description of object(s): GIRGULAR SHAPE
	ON TOP AND PLAT UNDERNEATH GLOWING RED
7.	Object's bearing when first observed:
	LOW IN SKY, EXACT BEARING UNKNOWN
8.	Direction of travel : TOWARDS MT DANDENONG TOWARDS CARNAGE
9.	Speed: UNKNOWN
10.	Angle of elevation: UNKNOWN.
11.	Object's bearing when last observed :
	Drawing of UFO. sighting will be
	forwarded to HOSC Ops Centre.



Time of Sight 20to 10 Sunday 24 February Travelling Downwards - Travelling at a Empley. CONE SHAPE SHAPE VERY BRIGHT LEAVING WHITE Red Rotating Light Right PRAIL Another one like this lig one Round the Front Of The Object followed It. But It was much Smaller. The lights were diminer Cike Paire and H was signing at a Sin Light Slover speed

At The Same time And Place Troughous-Coing At A slow spood Globs shape Much smaller and duriner leaving Trail of

Time Of sight 3 minutes past 9 - Monday Very Bright Yellow All Open Object Travelling Very fast — Coing MW.

INCLUDE 7° AUSTRALIA H. Q. S. C. RABE VICTORIA BARRACKS ST RIUDA ROAD

FROM WIRS A GEMINDER 4/195 GRANCE RD Chantontry 3163

	2850174
and the second s	
2	SIGHTING#3
9	DIGHTING D
19(1)	
	SANDY BAY T.L. SASSER IT
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	4
The state of the s	
2 2	

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM 580 | 1 P-35 (35) DATE REFERENCES

TOSATC 5 | 2 | AIR (64) OF 12 MAR74 TASATE REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTINGS cords is a copy in reply to his report of sight in 9 an unarual aerial opy of letter to Mr Thaddens h APPOINTMENT PHONE NO MI. CRETTICA FLADE 2408 12.2

Mr Thaddeus L. Sasser III, 16 Delta Avenue, TAROONA. TAS. 7006.

Dear Sir,

Your report of unusual aerial sightings from 28th-30th January 1974, has been received. The investigating team is of the opinion that the most probable causes of the sightings were satellites or other space associated equipment.

Currently there are 3037 man-made objects in space and predictions are made for visible passes over major Australian cities for about 12 long-lived satellites of optimum visible magnitude. The attached sheet provides details of satellites visible over Hobart from 28th-31st January between 2100-2400 hours. Other bright objects sighted could be short-lived satellites, rocket stages or possibly meteors.

Satellites are normally launched from west to east to take advantage of the Earth's rotation, and the direction of travel of most satellites is in the arc from NNW-SSE to SSW-NNE. A few satellites, however, are aligned along the north-south axis.

There is no 'normal' time for a satellite pass as the period taken to traverse the ground observers' field of view depends on the apogee and perigee of the satellite. Skylab, for example, with an apogee of 444.1 kilometres and a perigee of 421.3 kilometres orbits the Earth every 93.2 minutes compared to Pageos 1 whichlms an apogee of 4916.6 kilometres and a perigee of 3457.2 kilometres and which orbits the Earth every 180.1 minutes. Consequently, Skylab would appear to travel much faster in relation to Pageos 1.

The general change in the flight path of the satellites during the periods of observation could be due either to the change of the Earth's axis or your change of location. Any deviations or unusual flashes could be caused by atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

VISIBLE SATELLITE PASSES OVER HOBERT 2100-2400 28TH-31ST JANUARY 1974

		28th J/	MUARY 1974	
NAME	TIME	HTUMISA	ELEVATION	HEADING
Skylab Skylab Cosmos 44 Pageos 1 OAO-A2 Rocket Cosmos 315 Rocket Cosmos 372 Rocket Cosmos 372 Rocket	2210 2348 2120 2229 2227 2215 2120 2303	162 325 299 129 10 237 75 235	34 55 66 20 31 14 67 19	72 57 32 177 99 158 161 157
		29th :	JANUARY 1974	
Skylab Skylab Cosmos 44 Pageos 1 OAO-A2 Rocket OAO-A2 Rocket Cosmos 315 Rocket Cosmos 372 Rocket	2127 2304 2212 2230 2146 2331 2147 2232	167 334 289 127 12 356 241 238	29 81 20 22 29 34 20 27	76 59 29 177 101 87 159 158
		30th .	JANUARY 1974	
Skylab Cosmos 44 Pageos 1 OAO-A2 Rocket Cosmos 315 Rocket Cosmos 372 Rocket	2221 2122 2231 2250 2119 2201	153 294 126 243 243 243	73 36 23 32 28 37	62 30 177 160 159 159
		31st J	ANUARY 1974	
Skylab Skylab Pageos 1 OAO-A2 Rocket OAO-A2 Rocket Cosmos 372 Rocket	2157 2315 2232 2210 2355 2130	154 318 125 1 344 245	53 26 24 35 27 54	65 53 177 91 77 160



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: 237686

Tasmanian Squadren Air Training Corps

8 Fitzroy Place

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/Mr(64)

12th March 1974

Department of Defence (Air Office)

For Information

Headquarters Support Command (C Intel 0)

UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS

Reference: A. Headquarters Support Command ASI 3/3.

Enclosed is Unusual Aerial Sighting Report completed in accordance with the reference.

J.R. O'BRIEN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Commanding Officer

Enclosure: 1. Report of Unusual Aerial Sighting - Mr T.L. Sasser.





RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer THADDENS L. SASSER III
2.	Address of observer. 16 DELTA AVE., TAROONA,
3.	Occupation of observer. TEACHER TARGORY HIGH SCHOOL
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 28/1/74. approx 2200 Hours. How certain is the date? DEFWATE
5.	Duration of observation. ELEVEN SIGNTINGS ARTWEEN 2200 HOURS AND 2345 Hours
	How accurate is your estimate? WITHIN 10 HINNTES ON FIRST SIGHTING, DEFINATE ON LAST
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting . 14 WEYMOUTH AVE., SANDY BAY
	(ON SLOPES DE MOUNT NELSON) AND LATER AT 16 DELTA AVE, TAROUNA.
	How familiar is observer with this locality? . VERY (ELEVEN YEARS RESIDENCE)
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. FARY. ON. 416.47. CLOUD. (20%)
	LATER ALMOST CLOUDLESS (50%)
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. BINOCHLARS.
	AND 135 m.m. f 3.5 TELEPHOTO LENS
9.	Where was object first observed?;
	a. Relative to your surroundings SLIGHTLY ABOVE HORIZON.
	IN THE WEST
	b. angle of elevation20° > 25°
	c. compass angle bearing 250° → 260° (no compass)
	d. how accurate are these estimates? To BEARINGS AND ELEVATION DECINITION
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? SHOUTSOF. "THERE'S
	ANOTHER" - THEN CLEARLY SEEN MOVING OBJECT
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there? ELEVEN.
	b. in what formation were they? SINGLY. AT. 5 MINUTE TO 20 MIN INTERVALS
2.	What was the colour of the light or object? WHITE LIGHT

RESTRICTED

-2-

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	VARIED FROM FRINT STAR TO MARGINALLY ARIGHTER THAN VENUS
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?;
	a. relative to Venus or Moon 1.5 TIMES DIAMETER OF VENUS.
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 from the eyes)
	•••••••••••
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were
16.	these values assessed? 350-40° (elevation)/160°=170° (bearing) - knowledge of area and training (see earlier on) Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NO SOUND
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
10.	estimate can be justified)? . N.N. ELEV. 20° > 25° MAX ELEV. 80°-85°
10	
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate
	can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movements of familiar
	objects at stated distances constant velocity at about 5 times
	.a. norma! satellite speed - distance un known - augular vel un known.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases DO STAT. PHASE. NA. VERY MARGINAL BUT AN APPARENT ZIG ZAG MOVEMENT - SUSPECT DUE Describe any deviations or manoeuvres To HAND VIARATION (BINOC.) OR TO PULSE IN EYES
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. Two FLASHES PRODUCED VAPour
23.	Where was object last observed :
	a. relative to your surroundings AT. HIGH KIEVATION TO EAST.
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing. \$0° → 90° (no compass)
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? F.ADEQU.T
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photgraphs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)
	PHOTOGRAPHS TO AK DEVELOPED (See notes a Hacked)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	experienced in geological fieldwork (angles) - angular velocity not given
27.	How many witnesses to the sig tings? 13 counting . P.C.A. OFFICAL AT HOBART ALREAT

-3-

20.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?/\\
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation? VEAY FAST SATELLITE
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? SPEED
	2 FLASHING IN ONE OBSERV. 3 No. OBSERVED ON SAME PATH AT IRREGULAR INTERVALS,
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Signature Had & Same T. Date 29/1/74

EVENTS LEADING TO OBSERVATION

1) MONDAY 28/1/74 (A.M.)

MY PARENTS, BROTHER-IN-LAW, SISTER AND FIVE YEAR

BLD NEPHEW (WHO MADE THE FIRST SIGHTING, CONFIRMED BY

ADMLTS) INFORMED HE OF FIVE SIGHTINGS OF MOVING

OBJECTS WHICH THEY COULD NOT EXPLAIN ON THE NIGHT

OF SUNDAY 27/1/274 ROUGHLY BETWEEN TIMES 2130 HOURS

AND 2330 HOURS.

- 2) MONDAY 28/1/74 (P.M.)

 WITH MY WIFE, FAMILY, AND A FEW FRIENDS (TOTAL

 12 PERSONS) WE ASSEMBLED IN THE HOPE OF MAKING

 MORE SIGHTINGS.
- 3) I TOOK A CAMERA AND TELEPHOTO LENS IN CASE
 EVIDENCE COULD BE OBTAINED.

OBSERVATIONS 28/1/774

- 1) FROM ABOUT 2100 HOURS (FIRST STARS APPEARING) WE WATCHED THE SKY. NOTHING SHOWED UNTIL ABOUT 2145 HOURS. THEN IN THE SPACE OF TEN MINUTES MY BROTHER-IN-LAW AND OTHERS WHO HAD PREVIOUSLY SEEN THE OBJECTS MADE TWO SIGHTINGS. NEITHER WERE SEEN BY MYSELF.
- PROM THEN UNTIL 2345 HOURS I SAW (WITH ELEVEN OTHERS) ELEVEN MORE OBJECTS.
- AT HOBART AIRPORT. A SOMEWHAT SCEPTICAL DUTY

 DEFICER PROMISED TO CHECK FLIGHTS AND CALL BACK.

 THIS HE DID AND INFORMED ME THAT THERE WERE NO

 AIRCRAFT IN THE AREA.
- 4) AT ABOUT 2320 HOURS THE D.C.A. OFFICIAL AGAIN CALLED TO SAY HE HAD NOW SEEN TWO OF THE OBJECTS AND THAT IN TWENTY YEARS SKYWATCHING

HE HAD NEVER SEEN ANYTHING LIKE THIS, THAT INFALT HE NO LONGER INTENDED TO GO TO BED.

- MEDIUM RANGE TELEPHOTO LENS. WITH LUCK I HAVE FIVE PHOTOGRAPHS SHOWING THE TRACK OF THE OBJECT RELATIVE TO THE SOUTHERN CROSS.
- 6) THESDAY 29/1/74 I INFORMED THE R.A.A.F. OF MY SIGHTINGS.

THE OBJECTS OBSERVED

- APPEARING AND SUBSEQUENTLY FADING OUT AND IN THIS RESPECT SIMILAR TO A SATTELLITE).
- 2) WHEN FIRST VISIBLE AND JUST BEFORE FADING LIGHT INTENITY WAS EQUIVALENT TO A FEINT STAR. AT MAXIMUM INTENSITY LIGHT WAS MARGINALLY GREATER THAN THE BRIGHEST STARS VISIBLE, CERTAINLY BRIGHTER THAN VENUS. (OBJECT: VENUS = 1.5:1) DIAM.
- 3) THERE WAS ABSOLUTELY NO DETECTABLE NOISE
- 4) ALL OF THE OBJECTS WHICH I OBSERVED MOVED TOO
 RAPIDLY FOR SATELLITES OR FOR CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT
 HAT I KNOW OF. NONE MOVED AS RAPIDLY AS A
 THE LONG GLOWING WAKE OF A DISINTEGRATING OBJECT
 BURNING IN THE ATMOSPHERE.
- RONGHY WEST TO EAST THOUGH DURING THE COURSE OF
 THE EVENING THEOR FLIGHTPATH APREARED TO SHIFT
 WAS SUCH THAT IT MAY HAVE REFLECTED THE EARTHS

 5 MILES (FROM WAIMER HIGHTS TO TAROONA) DURING THE
 OBSERVATIONS. MY UNCONFIRMED MPRESSION IS THAT
 THESE OBJECTS ALL FOLLOWED THE SAME FLIGHT PATH.
- 6) ONE OF THE ELEVEN OBJECTS SEEN BY ME
 (AND BY THE OTHERS) BEHAVED DIFFERENTLY TO ALL
 THE REST. INSTEAD OF PRODUCING A CONSTANT
 LIGHT SOURCE IT BRODUCED A PULSING LIGHT

(3)

SOURCE WITH APPROXIMATELY O.S. SELONDS BETWEEN FLASHES. AT LEAST FIFTEEN SUCH FLASHES WERE OBSERVED AT THIS REGULAR INTERVAL. THEY WERE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDED BY TWO IRREGULARLY TIMED, MARGINALLY BRIGHTER FLASHES WHICH SEEMED EXPLOSIVE (SMORE SEEN IN LIGHT OF FLASHES)

AND WERE THE INTERNSE WHITE OF BURNING MAGNING MAGNESIUM.

THIS OBJECT FOLLOWED EXACTLY THE SAME PATH

AS THE OTHERS AND VARIED ONLY IN ITS FLASHING.

OBSERVATIONS 29/1/274

SEVEN OFFECTS SEEN - 5 CONSTANT LIGHT AND

2 FLASHING - COURSES AGAIN REGULAR RATHER THAN

RANDOM AND AT A HIGH ELEVATION 75° > 80° (AT MAN.)

TO NORTH OF OBSERVATION POINT RATHER THAN

TO SOUTH. TIMES AGAIN IRREGULAR (8 MINUTES

TO 20 MINUTES INTERVALS) - OBSERVATION RERIDD

SAME (in 2145 Hours TO 2330 HOURS). SEEN FROM TAROONA

SOME OF THESE OBSERVATIONS WERE ALSO MADE

BY MEMBERS OF R.A.A.F. FROM HT. NELSON AND

RY ANOTHER FRIEND FROM MONTROSE (SAW 18 OBJECTS)

OVER A LONGER PERIOD.)

NINE ADDITIONAL WITNESSES WITH ME TO ADD TO PREVIOUS NIGHT.

OBSERVATIONS 30/1/274

SHORT WATCHING PRRIOD AS SEA FOO DEVELOPED.

ONE CONSTANT LIGHT SOURCE OBJECT SEEN

ON PARALLEL COURSE TO PREVIOUS NIGHTS BUT

AGAIN FARTHER NORTH. MAX. ELEV. 40-3450.

TWO NEW WITNESSES.

OBSERVATIONS 31/1/274

SEVEN OBJECTS SEEN. ALL CONSTANT LIGHT
SOURCE (cf. PULSING FLASHES.) BUT NO RECULAR

PATH OTHER THAN GENERAL WEST TO EAST

TREND. MAY. ELEV. VARIED FROM 40°-2 45° TO SOUTH

TO 30°-7 35° TO NORTH, AN ADDITIONAL WITNESS.

CLOUD COVER 50°60 (TOTAL TO DATE DERSONALLY SEEN 26)

9 would be pleased to cooperate in any way that might help your investigations and am only to eager to here your conclusions.

Yours faithfully Thad I. Sasser m

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time: No military aircraft were in the vicinity
	A/C type(3)
	Heading T
	Height,000ft,000ft000ft
50.00	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO
	position at the time: No civil aircraft were in the vicinity.
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000ft,000ft,000ft
	ATA/ATD*hrshrs
	Speed
	* Give location of nearest ATA or ATD.
34.	Observer's location: Latitude 42 55'20"S Longitude 147 18'42"E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give location of
	Venus only Venus not visible, others not applicable in this case
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from .Hobart airport
	at 1000 Z. Colour White Weight 850 gm
	** (** delete as required)
	General wind profile . Light and variable below 20000 ft then NW-SW
	Maximum height tracked ZZXXX
	Was it known to have burst ? No
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	6000 ft, measured at 1006 Z hrs from Hobart
	station.

38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
	meteorites, etc, relevant to the sighting .See.attached.report
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating
	N/A
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/XXXXXXX be determined.
41.	The object reported ************************************

See attached report.

TASATC (Unit)	J.R.O'BRIEN (Name)
4th March 74 (Date)	Flt Lt (Rank)

SATELLITE PREDICTION SERVICE (EXTRACT)

28 FEBRUARY 74 2100 - 2400 LOCAT

HOBART

NAME	TIME	AZIMUTH	ELEVATION	HEADING
Skylab	2210 2348	162 325	34 55	72 57
Cosmos 44	2120	299	66	32
Pageos 1	2229	129	20	177
OAO-A2 Rocket	2227	10	31	99
Cosmos 315 "	2215	237	14	158
Cosmos 372 "	2120 2303	75 235	67 19	161 157

ON THE UNUSUAL ABRIAL SIGHTING VIEWED FROM MT NELSON ON 28TH JANUARY 1974

INTRODUCTION

- 1. On the 29th January 1974 a report was received at RAAF Headquarters Hobart of an unusual aerial sighting which took place on the night of the 28th January 1974 at Mt Nelson, a suburb of Hobart. The sighting was made by Mr Thaddeus L. Sasser III, a high school teacher from Taroona.
- 2. The investigating officer interviewed Mr Sasser at his home in Taroona on the 11th of February.
- 3. Mr Sasser stated that, on Sunday the 27th of January, his parents and in-laws had informed him of five sightings of moving objects that they had observed in the evening between 2130 and 2330, for which they had no explanation. Mr Sasser, together with his wife, family and a few friends, assembled at the home of his parents on the evening of the 28th in the hope of making more sightings. He took along his camera and telephoto lens.
- 4. Between 2200 and 2345 Mr Sasser sighted eleven objects, all moving roughly west to east and which varied in intensity from a faint star to 1.5 times brighter than Venus. Light emitted (or reflected) was constant with the exception of one which pulsed at regular interval and in which on one occassion smoke was seen.
- Further sightings were observed on the nights of the 29th, 30th and 31st January. In his statement and in his interview Mr Sasser claimed that a member of DCA and members of the RAAF had also sighted the objects. The investigating officer confirmed this but no statements were taken as all these witnesses merely confirmed the accuracy of Mr Sasser's statement.

QUALITY OF THE EVIDENCE

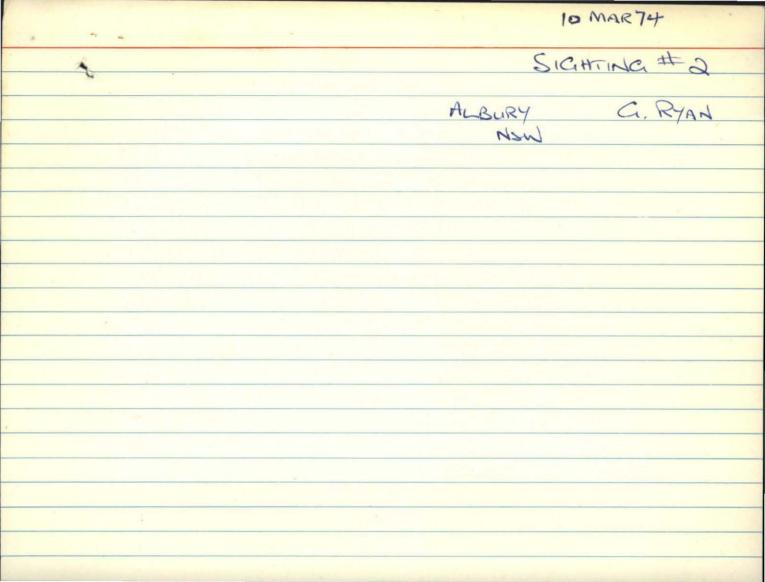
6. The evidence taken from Mr Sasser is considered to be accurate. At his interview, 13 days later, he substantially reiterated all that he had written in his statement; furthermore the investigating officer interviewed members of the RAAF HQ staff at Hobart who completely agreed im all details with Mr Sasser's statement. No photographs were produced as speed and aperture settings were incorrectly set on the camera.

POSSIBLE EXPLANATIONS

7. In attempting to find a satisfactory explanation the following items were considered:

- 10. Objects seen on the subsequent evenings are considered to be the same ones as those of the 28th. Their appearance was the same, trajectory similar but slightly further north on successive transits.
- 11. In the investigating officer's opinion the most probable cause of the sightings was sunlight reflecting from orbiting objects most likely space junk and a posibility of sighting Skylab and OAO-A2.

RAAF Headquarters AIR TC TASMANIA 1st March 1974 (J.R. O'BRIEN)
Plight Lieutenant
Investigating Officer



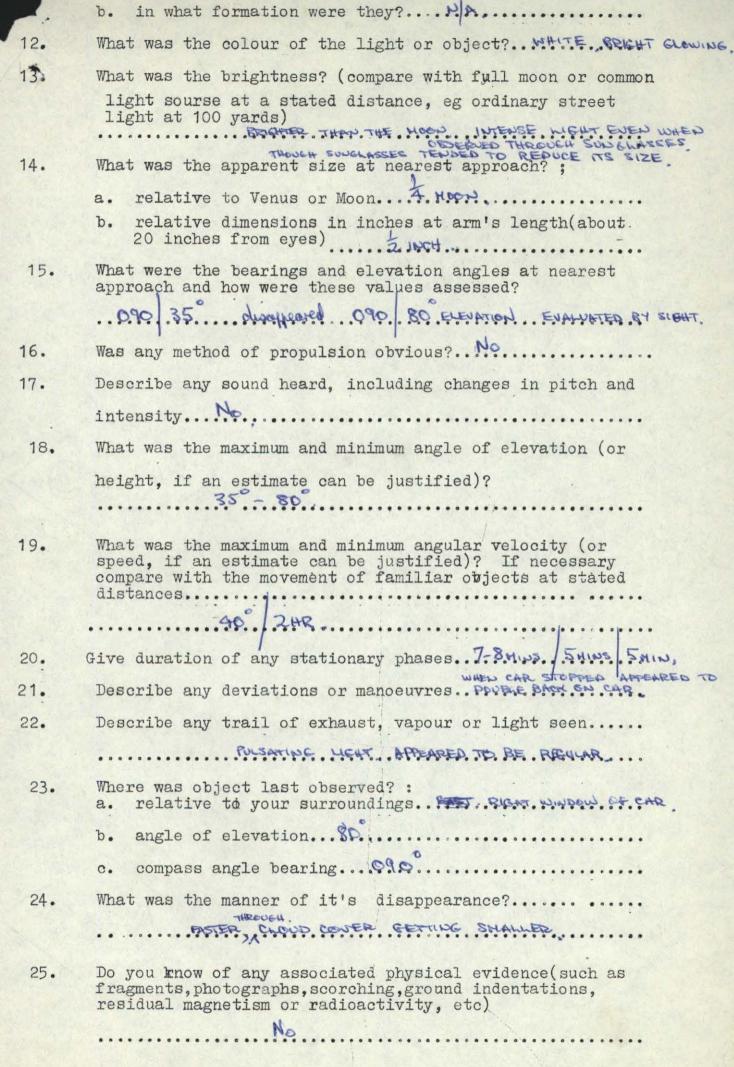
Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM REFERENCES Unusual Cerial Sightings Enclosed are two reports by Flt It M. J. Hudson (057467) GDPNT of 55aN following his meestigations into alleged unusual acrual sightings. WGCR Adminso P. J. MAC NAMARA

(As a preliminary to completing this form. the

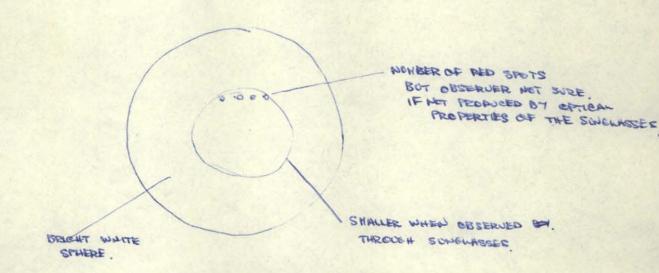
Part 1 - Report by Observer

observer is invited ti describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form) Name of Observer. MR GRAHAM RYAN 1. Address of Observer. ... BADIMARA . ST. WARAHANGA. 2. Occupation of Observer. CUPR MLC 3. Date & Time of Start of Observeration. 0300 10 MAR 74 4. How certain is the date?..... Post. W. How accurate is the time of start? .. I. IOHIN...... Duration of Observer....?+ 5. Observer's location at time of sighting. . CRAFFYEA . WEST OF . ALBURY FOR 130 MILES ALONG HOME HIGHWAY How familiar is observer with this locality? .. ? FASO ABU. Wheather conditions at time of observetion 7. CLEAR SKIES Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation 8. Where was object first observed? 9. CAR angle of elevation...3.5.... compass angle bearing......... C. how accurate are these estimates?... Reason to the second 10. What first attracted observer's attention? . BEIGHT DESS . 4. 512 E. If there was more than one light/object; No 11.

a. how many were there?,,,,.N.A.



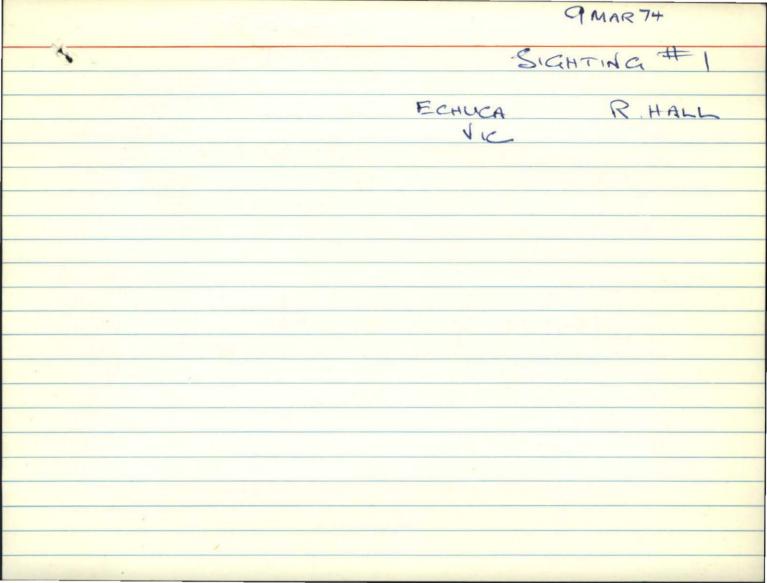
26. State any training which enables observer to be resonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular 4 velocity. Nove How many witnesses to the sighting?...... 27. Do you know of witnesses to similiar sightings in the area 28. 29. What natural phenomemon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? OBSERVER COULD NOT EXPLAIN USING NATURAL PHENOMENON. 30. What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation 31. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch positions and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.



Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C TYPE. N.L(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height/,000 ft,000ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following c. vil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reporting UFO Position at the time:
	A/C typeNt(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height000ft000ft000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observers Location: LatitudeLongtitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
	VENUS RIGES IN EAST FLEUNTION 10 - 2 45 WHEN CON RISES
36.	A meteorological ballon was released fromFBN
	Radio-sonde **/ radar **: Candle **/ battery **(**delete as required.)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked,000ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst? No.
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	at.:FT, measured atZhrs from
	station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites etc relevent to the sighting.

3.	When identified as possible aircraft, include radar trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating.
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/ cannot be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was */may have been * (delete as required
	The sow angular velocity of the object and the period of observation tend to eliminate the passibility of at being a satellite of neteorological balloon. Sucroft are eliminated because of the lack of naise and flight details on award in that area. Itall at Mt iltroulo observatory state that object fitting this discription and clearly visible beginning at 0 300 intit summer are abused missibly venus at this time of the year. Apparent namenent with a morning observer and stapping as the absence stops is compatible with a planet at great elistance. It is concluded that the object absenced was next likely the planet beaux.
• • • • • •	550N 12 MAR 74 (Unit) (Date)
In	(Name of (Rank) restigating Officer)



Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM FILE 58011P-35 (16) DATE HOPEN 5 4 AR (61)
ATTENTION OF 12 MAR74 HOFBN ADMINSO REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS Enclosed, for your records, is a copy of a letter to Mr. R. Hall in reply to his report of an unusual airial 2. Mr. C. Ryan, whose report was forwarded under cover of the reference, was advised of similar findings to by telephone. ENCLOSURE: Copy of letter to M. a Ryan APPOINTMENT PHONE NO M. GRETTON FIG DE 12.3 2408

Mr R. Hall, Box 926 CANBERRA CITY. ACT. 2601

Dear Sir,

Your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 9th March 1974 has been received and the investigating team considers that the most probable cause was the planet VENUS.

On the morning of the sighting VENUS would have initially been visible to you with a magnitude of -4.3 on a bearing of about 100° at an elevation of about 20°. During the morning VENUS gradually rose in the sky and moved slightly to the north.

The unusual shape and varying colours associated with the planet could have been due to either atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time or the planet being viewed through pollutants in the lower layers of the atmosphere.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G. J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

tester Dall any

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited ti describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer the Remote Have
2.	Address of Observer. 20k .926 Causers. Com
3.	Occupation of Observer. Accountant. Convol Govt
4.	Date & Time of Start of Observeration03309
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start?
5.	Duration of Observer 2.48. 40.41
1	How accurate is your estimate?
6	Observer's location at time of sighting. 25 445.
	ECHOCA.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Wheather conditions at time of observetion
	HOWING ACROCS THE EXY DIMERWISE CLEAR SKY
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	N.L.
9.	Where was object first observed?
	a. Relative to your surroundings
	•••••••••••••••••
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
	d. how accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	BRIGHTUES
11.	If there was more than one light/object;
	a. how many were there?,,,,,

	b. in what formation were they?
112.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common
	light sourse at a stated distance, eg ordinary street
	light at 100 yards) SIMILIAR CAR HEADLIGHT AT 100 YARDS
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?;
	a. relative to Venus or Moon \$125 of Moon.
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length(about. 20 inches from eyes)
15.	What were the bearings and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
	35 FLEVATION SE - ESE
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensity. No.
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate can be justified)?
	\$5° Q0°
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	25° IN 242 40MIN.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	WERNITENT SPEED HIGHT
23.	Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundings NE. SKY
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of it's disappearance?
	DISAPPEARED INTO CLOUD COVER AS JON ROSE
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	No.

26.	State any training which enables observer to be resonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similiar sightings in the area
29.	What natural phenomemon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
	courd not be exprained
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch positions and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

CREEN WOHT.

RED WIGHT.

OCCASIONAL.

PALE GREEN WIGHT.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C TYPEVIL(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height/,000 ft,000ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following c'vil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reporting UFO Position at the time:
	A/C type. N.L(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height000ft000ft000ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observers Location: LatitudeLongtitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
	VENUS RISES IN THE EAST MONT OSCO ELEVATION 10 - 45 WHEN IT
36.	A meteorological ballon was released from
	at 09.715. Z. Colour. white. Weight. 2.216gm
	Radio-sonde **/ radar **: Candle **/ battery ** (**delete as required.)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked 26,000,000ft at091745Z
	Was it known to have burst? No
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was ofC
	atFT, measured atZhrs from
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites etc relevent to the sighting.
	N/L

39.	When identified as possible aircraft, include radar trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating.
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/ eannot be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was * /may have been *
	(delete as required
	THE . PAPPET . VENUS.

	The law augular velocity, the lang period of observation, the lack of noise and flight details of overall
	in that area toud to preclude explaining the object as a satellite, nationalogical bollow, or civil or nultary averaff.
	Mt stranlo observations personnel were naturaled that
	the object was the planet Cens.
	The peculiar shape and calaus unaciated with
	the obseration may have been due to atmospheric conditions. It is felt that since the object was so small (to size of moon
	it would have been difficult to alwarm the detail as reported.
	It is carolided that the object neighted was most probably the planet beins.
	probably the planet benus.
	Unit) Date)
	(51120)
	(Name of (Rank)

REGISTRY CLASSIFICATION PARTICULARS

	CLASSIFIER		
1	Original/Copy		
2	Duplicate Copy made		
3	Date opened	20-3-74	

	REGISTRATION	
2		Security Classification Title Reports in Hyring Deurens and other denil Objects
3		Registration Number 580-1-1 Pt 35 (NowPt) Mark to DAFI
5		Cancel File No vide this File and inform Movements Section of cancellation and new File No
6		Close File No P
7		Cross Reference this File with File(s)

Subject 1		
	Posting	Precis

804	AME INDEX	
	Heading	. Precis
2	Alter File No	m Logging Card for
	Letter dated	Reference No

1737,79

E. D. Assessor Consequent Prince Contra